Early Detection of Aquatic Invasive Species Using eDNA Technology: How MiCorps Volunteers can Help!

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What is environmental DNA?

DNA released into the environment by an organism:

- Scraped-off tissue cells
- Feces or excrements
- Fish slime
- Reproduction: Eggs, veligers, juvenilles, larva, etc.
- Cells released after organism death/decay
- Free-floating DNA released from any cell lysis

Why eDNA for detecting invaders?

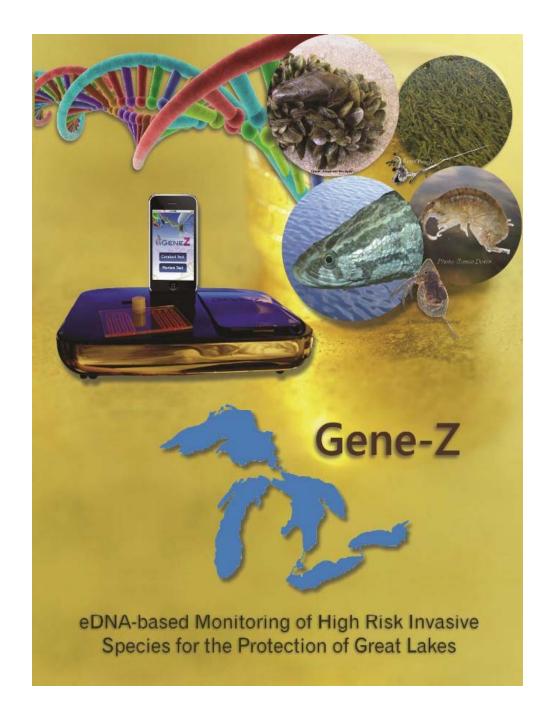
- Sensitivity
 Cost

eDNA can be used for:

- Determining the presence or absence of an organism in an area
- Creating distribution maps to determine how wide-spread the invasion is
- Confirming results obtained via sightings

Project Overview

- eDNA-based monitoring
- Community-based sampling
- Smart phone-based reporting



Hydrilla

[www.sms.si.edu]

Fishhook Water Flea



Target Species

Northern Snakehead



[shopboblake.blogspot.com]

Killer Shrimp



Golden Mussel



[http://biolo.bg.fcen.uba.ar/primerapagina.htm]

Daphnia cristata



Gene-ZTM for detecting eDNA





Gene-Z Application for iPhone or Android

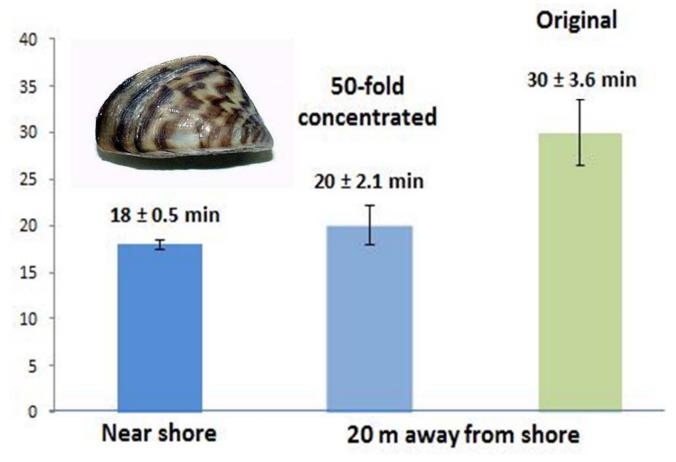
Decentralized detection of gene targets in a field setting!



Gene-Z uses microfluidic chips that allow easy dispensing of samples into reaction wells.

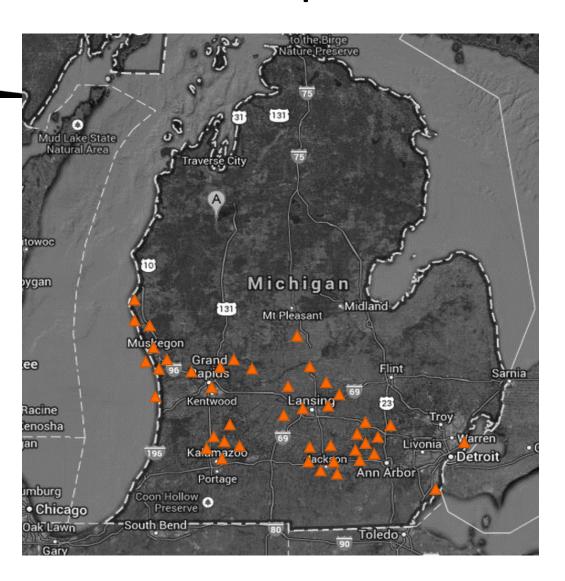
Preliminary eDNA results

Zebra Mussel primer sets in 1 µl lake water samples



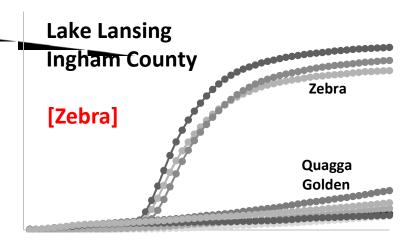
Minimal/ no sample processing is required at high abundances!

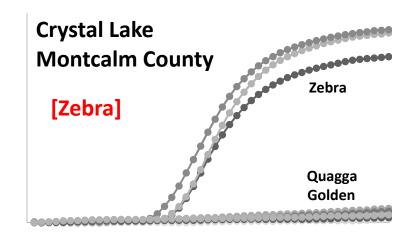
Sampled locations

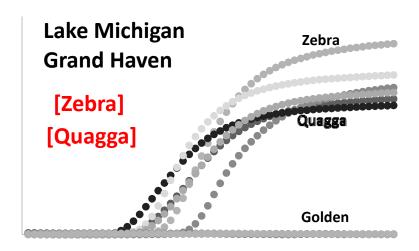


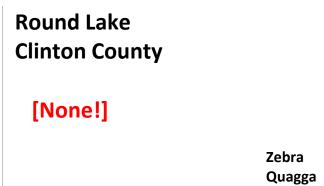
Unfortunately, we are limited in sample collection personnel and have only collected samples from the southern half of Michigan's Lower Peninsula.

Some results for invasive mussels









Golden

How can MiCorps volunteers help?

We need help collecting samples!





Two Types of Samples are collected:

- 1. Collect 2 Liters of lake water samples
- 2. Filter 20 Liters of water through a filter funnel



The Sampling Kit

- One 1 Liter Filtration Bottle
- Two 1 Liter water sample bottles
- One Sampling Information Sheet
- One Sampling Protocol Sheet
- One 50 mL Tube
- One Shipping Box with Prepaid Postage and Mailing Address



Just place samples in freezer overnight, then ship back the next day!

Samples will be tested for:

<u>Potential Invasive Species</u>

- Golden Mussel
- Northern Snakehead
- Hydrilla
- Daphnia cristata
- Killer Shrimp

We can also add species if there is a particular one you are interested in!

*If resources/time are available

Present Invasive Species

- Spiny Waterflea
- Fishhook Waterflea
- Sea Lamprey
- Round Goby
- Zebra Mussel
- Quagga Mussel
- Rusty Crayfish



Emailed results within one month!

General Information		
Sample Submitted By:	John Smith	
Lake Name:	Lake Michigan	
Sample Collected at:	Muskegon State Park Beach North Muskegon, MI	
Sampling Date:	10/1/2013	
Sample Types Submitted:	2 Bottles of Pure Lake Water 1 50 mL tube with Filtrate	
Sample Analyzed by:	Maggie Kronlein	
Analysis Date:	10/3/13	

Emailed results within one month!

Invasive Species Results		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Present/Absent
Golden Mussel	Limnoperna fortunei	Not Detected
Northern Snakehead	Channa argus	Not Detected
Hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata	Not Detected
Daphnia	Daphnia cristata	Not Detected
Killer Shrimp	Dikerogammarus villosus	Not Detected
Zebra Mussel	Dreissena polymorpha	Detected
Quagga Mussel	Dreissena bugensis	Detected
Fishhook Waterflea	Cercopagis pengoi	Detected
Spiny Waterflea	Bythotrephes longimanus	Detected
Sea Lamprey	Petromyzon marinus	Detected
Round Goby	Neogobius melanostomas	Detected
Rusty Crayfish	Orconectes rusticus	Not Detected

iSAW for results and reporting



Invasive Species Appearance Warning

iSAW software is made possible by support from the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, under Assistance Agreement No. GL-00E01127-0



Report a High-Risk Invasive Species



Prevention and Control Projects



Channel for Invasive Species



Check eDNA Results from your Sample



In the News



Connect with Other Programs



Ask an Expert



Connect with Stakeholders



Invasive Species Information



FAQs



Lake Locations



Comments?

1 minute survey!

Coming Soon!

What comes after a positive test?

- Input eDNA results into the iSAW database for public access
- Results can assist in management / screening
 - Should we be on the lookout for invaders in the first place?
- Allow for the validation of field sampling studies
- Help determine a level of infestation (Low, Moderate, High)
- Determine the distribution of invaders in an area
- Gene-ZTM devices will be distributed to individual in MiCorps!

Early detection is crucial to successful eradication!





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