

MiCorps 101

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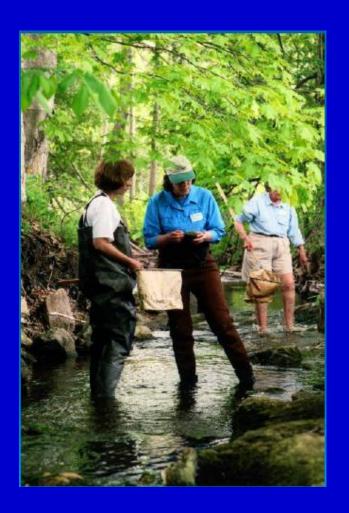
"Together, we'll create the nation's most comprehensive and meaningful clean water monitoring system, building a water legacy for generations to come."

Governor Jennifer Granholm 2003



Governor's Executive Order

- MiCorps established September 30, 2003
- Comprehensive statewide volunteer water quality monitoring network
- Pre-existing lake program, a fledging stream program, and pre-existing water cleanup program





MiCorps Goals

Education

- Local: Educate residents and interested citizens in collection of water quality data, ecology, and management practices.
- State: Build a constituency of citizens to practice sound ecological management at the local level and build public support for water quality protection.



MiCorps Goals

Data Collection

- Local: Enable collection of standardized baseline information to document trends in water quality for lakes and streams so groups/people can make wise local management decisions.
- State: Provide a cost-effective process for the DEQ to increase baseline data in Michigan.



MiCorps Goals

Support

- Network monitoring organizations statewide.
- Provide a platform for sharing consistently collected data.

MiCorps Programs

- MiCorps consists of two main programs concentrating on volunteer stream and lake monitoring
- Volunteer Stream Monitoring Program (VSMP)
- Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program (CLMP)
- Other components of MiCorps that support the 2 main programs are:
 - Grants (Streams only)
 - Trainings
 - Annual Conference
 - Newsletter
 - Email ListServ for news
 - Web site
 - Web-based, publically available, searchable database



MiCorps concentration in quality assurance gives us...

More reliable data

Which gives us:

- Greater use by the DEQ and local managers in planning and management
- Continued funding of the program.





Volunteer Stream Monitoring Program (VSMP)



What would a successful volunteer stream monitoring program look like?

- You collect data about your fresh water
- You use it to and the monitoring process to educate and foster stewardship, & get people to independently take action.
- You continually are reaching new people.
- Human impacts to the watershed are alleviated.
- MiCorps helps you with the first bullet with money, training, and assistance. And gives money to help with recruiting volunteers.
- The next three bullets require further dedication and elbow grease that go beyond a MiCorps grant.

Volunteer Stream Monitoring Program (VSMP)

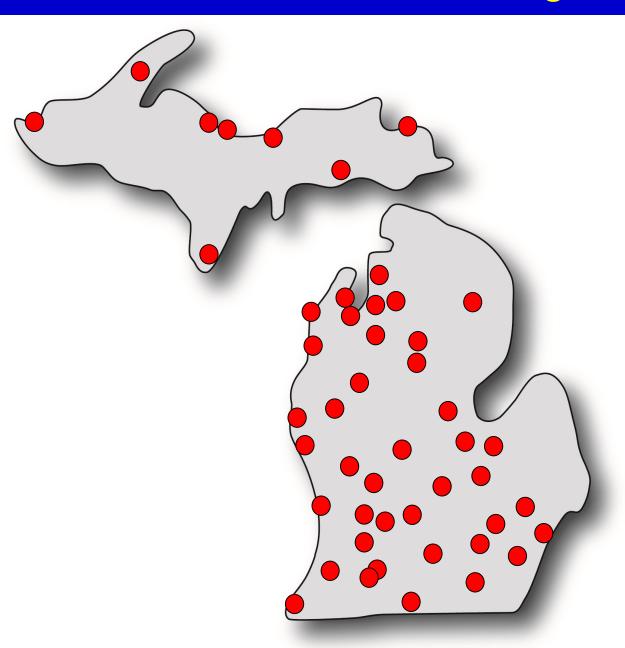
- •A grant-based program for local groups to develop or enhance stream monitoring programs. Groups must be non-profits, academic, or local government.
- \$50,000 total is available every year, RFP released Jan-Feb.
- Macroinvertebrate full grants last 2 years (\$10-15k)
- Macroinvertebrate start-up grants last 1 year.(\$1-3k)
- R/S Crossing grants last 1 year (\$5-10k)



The VSMP annual training day



Volunteer Stream Monitoring Program



 Since 2005, 45 Groups have received grants.

Including:

- Cannon Township
- Tip of the Mitt Watershed Council
- Friends of the St. Clair River
- Muskegon RiverWatershed Assembly
- Branch County
 Conservation District
- Upper Peninsula
 Resource
 Conservation and
 Development Council

Stream Program Components

Groups who receive grants are expected to:

- Find, engage, train volunteers
- Collect and identify
 Macroinvertebrates, monitor
 habitat OR
- Inventory and assess road/stream crossings
- Build Databases (MDE, Volunteer)
- Verify & interpret the data
- Follow up as needed with relevant authorities based on the results of monitoring.





What support do grantees get from MiCorps?

- Money
- Training, procedures, technical assistance
- A solid reputation
- Plugged into the MiCorps network



Why collect bugs?

Scientifically Useful

- Good indicators of stream conditions
- Diversity = Healthy stream
- A scarcity of bugs may indicate:
 - Sedimentation
 - Habitat loss
 - Chemical pollution
 - Hydrology problems

Great for Volunteers

- Easy sampling techniquesgreat for volunteers
- Generally abundant communities- volunteers find them quickly.



Why conduct a Road/Stream Crossing Inventory?

- A new program, piloted in summer 2014.
- Uses a MDNR & MDOT approved methodology.
- Provides important information for planning restoration projects
- Groups develop a prioritization list that is useful for getting additional grants
- Eligible for grant funding
- By 2016- stream flow monitoring, also grant eligible.



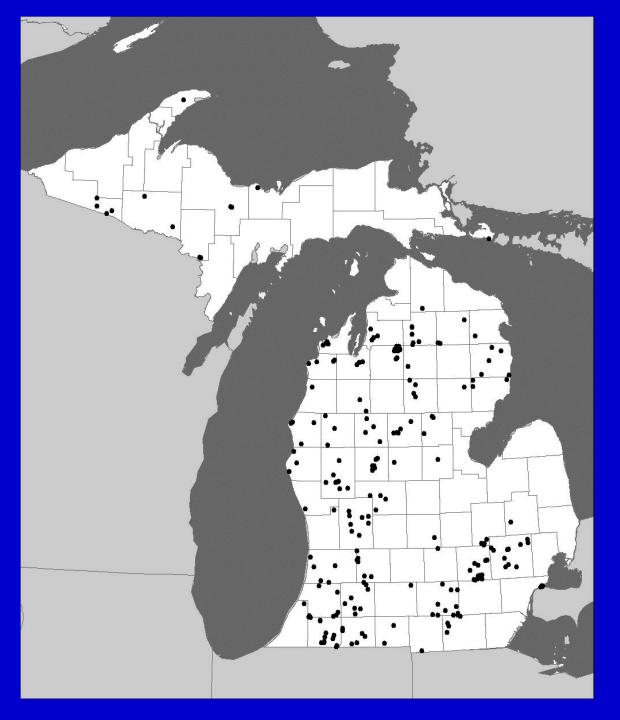
Questions on the Volunteer Stream Monitoring Program?



Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program (CLMP)







CLMP Membership

2014 number: ~225 Lakes monitored by lake associations or individuals



What do we measure in the CLMP?

- Transparency
- Total Phosphorus
- Chlorophyll a
- Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature
- Aquatic Plants
- Shoreline Habitat Assessment



What is expected of volunteers?

- A slight enrollment fee (\$20-60, depending on parameter, plus one time equipment costs... www.micorps.net/lakevolunteer.html for details)
- Weekly or biweekly transparency measurements. Other measurements are taken monthly.
- Attend an annual training
- Follow directions carefully.
- Sample turn in: two-three times during the sampling season volunteers bring their samples into a local DEQ office.



And what does the CLMP provide in return?

- About 90% of the costs of the program are paid for by the State.
- The potential for long term data on your lake (the program has been operating since 1974).
- Training
- Analyzes your water samples at the State of Michigan lab for long-term data consistency
- Excellent quality assurance procedures



What the CLMP does vs. doesn't do

- The CLMP only provides a way for you to collect the baseline data that is needed to make proper management decisions. CLMP staff can answer questions but time is very limited.
- It takes further effort, further resources, and committed riparian owners and state and local governments to carry out these management decisions.
- Additional lake management resources are available on the MiCorps web site at http://www.micorps.net/lakeresources.html

Why study trophic status of a lake?

- Observing long-term trends of the CLMP parameters can help us understand if the amount of algae (lake eutrophication) is increasing in the lake over time.
- High phosphorus, high chlorophyll, and low transparency can be signs of:
 - Undesirable algae blooms
 - Poor boating and swimming
 - Low dissolved oxygen which can cause fish kills



What do dissolved oxygen and temperature profiles tell us about a lake?

Define the temperature and density zones of lakes.

Thermally classify lakes (warm or cold water)

Determine bottom water oxygen depletion.

Sediment phosphorus release- phosphorus is released from bottom sediments in anoxic (no oxygen) conditions.

Fishery status indicator- what kind of fish can this lake support?

Aquatic Plants- Full Surveys and Exotic Plant Watch



•CLMP offers two versions of plant monitoring.

- •The full survey program provides training and technical assistance to map out all of the plants in a lake (native and exotic).
- •The Exotic Plant Watch is dedicated to early detection of incoming exotic plants.

Lakeshore Habitat Assessment



Pilot Project for 2015 (25 lake maximum enrollment)



- To what extent is your lake developed vs. natural?
- Where are problematic erosion areas?
- Learn where to target educational materials or what local ordinances to consider.

Questions on the CLMP?

MiCorps Website and Data Exchange Platform

- www.micorps.net
 - Registry of water monitoring groups
 - Various information on water monitoring (newsletters, equipment lists, procedures, brochures, quality assurances plans).

- Data exchange platform
 - Searchable database of all of the information collected by MiCorps volunteers.

MiCorps Conference and Newsletter

- These items provide a way for MiCorps members to speak to each other and share their news and experiences.
- This is a major part of creating a "network" of monitors across the state.
- Newsletter are electronic and can be found on our website.
- In 2015, MiCorps will pursuing a social media presence (blog, Facebook, twitter).

Volunteer River, Stream, and Creek Cleanup Program

- \$25,000 total is available annually through a competitive grant application process.
- Compared to other grants out there, it is a simple application.
- Began in 1998
- Since 2005, 115 grants totaling nearly \$250,000 have been awarded to recipients around the state of Michigan under the VRSCCP.



Contact information

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Questions for MiCorps staff?



