

2016 Trophic & Score the Shore Report 2022 Plant Report

Resort Lake, Menominee County

Site ID: 550197

45.4212°N, 87.8256°W

The CLMP is brought to you by:



About this report:

This report is a summary of the data that have been collected through the Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program. The contents have been customized for your lake. The first page is a summary of the Trophic Status Indicators of your lake (Secchi Disk Transparency, Chlorophylla, Spring Total Phosphorus, and Summer Total Phosphorus). Where data are available, they have been summarized for the most recent field season, five years prior to the most recent field season, and since the first year your lake has been enrolled in the program.

If you did not take 8 or more Secchi disk measurements or 4 or more chlorophyll measurements, there will not be summary data calculated for these parameters. These numbers of measurements are required to ensure that the results are indicative of overall summer conditions.

If you enrolled in Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature, the summary page will have a graph of one of the profiles taken during the late summer (typically August or September). If your lake stratifies, we will use a graph showing the earliest time of stratification, because identifying the timing of this condition and the depth at which it occurs is typically the most important use of dissolved oxygen measurements.

The back of the summary page will be an explanation of the Trophic Status Index and where your lake fits on that scale.

The rest of the report will be aquatic plant summaries, Score the Shore results, and larger graphs, including all Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature Profiles that you recorded. For Secchi Disk, Chlorophyll, and Phosphorus parameters, you need to have two years of data for a graph to make logical sense. Therefore if this is the first year you have enrolled in the CLMP, you will not receive a graph for these parameters.

Remember that some lakes see a lot of fluctuation in these parameters from year to year. Until you have eight years worth of data, consider all trends to be preliminary.

To learn more about the CLMP monitoring parameters or get definitions to unknown terms, check out the CLMP Manual, found at: https://micorps.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/CLMP-Manual-2019update2_2021.pdf

Thank you!

The CLMP leadership team would like to thank you for all of your efforts over the past year. The CLMP would not exist without dedicated and hardworking volunteers!

The CLMP Leadership Team is made of: Jo Latimore, Erick Elgin, Jean Roth, Tamara Lipsey, Mike Gallagher, Melissa DeSimone, and Paul Steen

Questions?

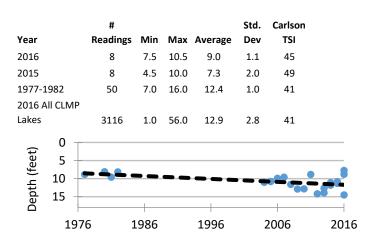
If you have questions on this report or believe that the tabulated data for your lake in this report are in error please contact:

Paul Steen (psteen@hrwc.org), CLMP Data Analyst

Resort Lake, Menominee County 2016 CLMP Results







Spring Phosphorus (parts per billion)

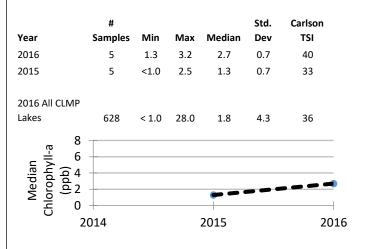
	#				Std.	
Year	Samples	Min	Max	Average	Dev	
2016	1	10.0	10.0	10.0	NA	
2016 All CLMP						
Lakes	168	<= 3	74.0	9.5	7.8	

No graph: Not enough data

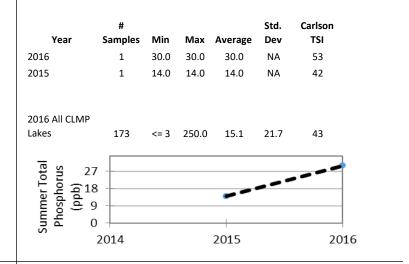
Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

This lake does not have recent (within 5 years) dissolved oxygen/water temperature data available. Consider enrolling in this parameter next year. Fish, insects, mollusks, and crustaceans need dissolved oxygen to live in water. By late summer, many lakes stratify, with cold anoxic water on the bottom and warm, oxygen rich water on the surface. Anoxic (oxygen-depleted) water occurring too close to the surface is a sign of nutrient enrichment. Understanding the pattern of dissolved oxygen and water temperature in a lake is important for assessing nutrient problems as well as the health of the biological community.

Chlorophyll-a (parts per billion)



Summer Phosphorus (parts per billion)



Summary

Average TSI	2016	2015	1977-1982
Resort Lake All CLMP	46	41	41
Lakes	40	40	45

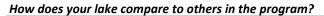
With an average TSI score of 46 based on Secchi transparency, chlorophyll-a, and summer total phosphorus, this lake is rated between the mesotrophic and eutrophic lake classification. The lake leans slightly more meso than eutro. There is too little data to assess official long term trends. CLMP recommends eight years of consistent monitoring in order to develop a strong data baseline. That being said, it can be gleaned from the historical data (1977-1982) that the lake is considerably less transparent than it used to be- indicating a probable increase in nutrients over time. Reminder: 8 Secchi measurements are required in order to use the data in graphs and trends.

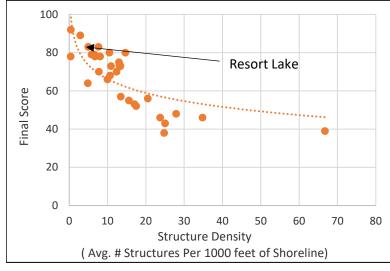
Resort Lake, Menominee County 2016 Score the Shore Results



The Score the Shore Habitat Assessment was conducted on Resort Lake in 2016.

This assessment involves rating 1000 foot sections of shoreline for aquatic vegetation, shoreline vegetation, erosion, and erosion control practices (like sea walls). Each shoreline section is given three scores ranging from 0-100 for the categories of Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management. The three scores are averaged to produce a average section score. Then a total score is given to the entire lake by averaging all of the average section scores. A score of 0 indicates a shoreline that has been extremely disturbed by human impacts and no natural shoreline remains. A score of 100 indicates a shoreline that is nearly pristine.





Resort Lake:		
Number of Sections:	25	
Number of Structures:	124	
Structure Density:	5	
Final Score:	83	

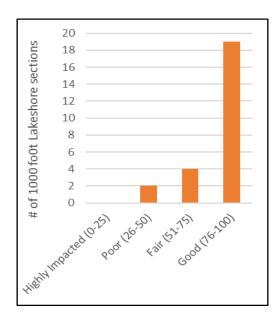
All 31 Participating Lakes in 2015 and 2016:		
Avg. Number of Sections:	16	
Avg. Number of Structures:	233	
Avg. Structure Density:	14.6	
Avg. Final Score:	66	

Analysis specific to Resort Lake:

Overall, the lakeshore habitat of Resort Lake is doing well and scored higher than average when compared to other lakes in the program. The majority of the 1000 foot sections scored Good, with a handful of Fairs and Poors (2 Poor, 4 Fair, and 19 Good.)

The lake scored highest for erosion control, with an average of 95, meaning that there are very few sea walls, rock rip-rap, and other shoreline erosion structures.

The worst scoring sections of the lake were 1 and 10, which both scored O's for the riparian zone but also scored badly for the littoral zone. To improve habitat on the lake, start on these sections. To improve the littoral zone score, leave woody debris in place and allow native aquatic vegetation to grow in the shallow waters. To improve the riparian zone, reduce the amount of mowed grass and increase the amount of unmowed native vegetation along the lakeshore.



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Resort Lake, Menominee County 2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results



The Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch was conducted on Resort Lake in 2022.

This survey involves sampling at multiple locations around the lake to detect new invaders, and document the extent of known invaders. While notes on other plant species may be recorded during the survey, the effort focuses on five highly invasive species: Eurasian watermilfoil (*Myriophyllum spicatum*), starry stonewort (*Nitellopsis obtusa*), curly-leaf pondweed (*Potamogeton crispus*), European Frogbit (*Hydrocharis morsus-ranae*), and Hydrilla (*Hydrilla verticillata*).

The table below summarizes the results of the 2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch on Resort Lake.

Resort Lake, Menominee County

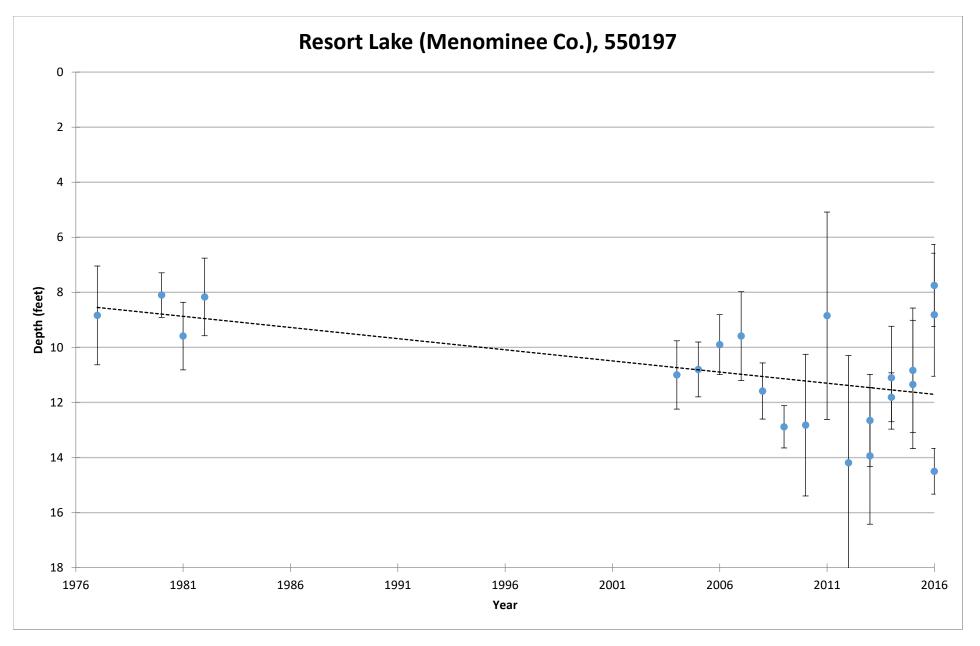
2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results

Survey Date(s): September 21				
<u>Species</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Comments</u>		
Eurasian watermilfoil	FOUND	Reported in 5 of 11 sites surveyed. No photos submitted for confirmation.		
Starry stonewort	not found	Non-native water lilies also reported in 2 sites.		
Curly-leaf pondweed	not found			
European Frogbit	not found			
Hydrilla	not found			

Survey Date(s): September 21

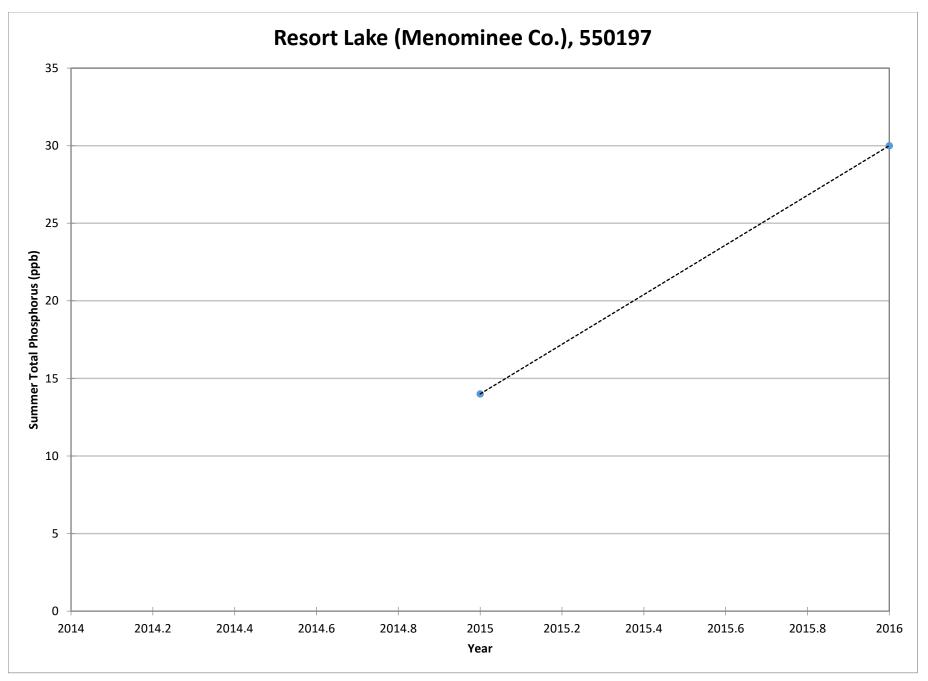
Visit the MiCorps Data Exchange (https://micorps.net) or contact the lead volunteer on your lake for more details on the survey, including sampling locations, maps, and abundance information, and for information on past surveys.

COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER MEAN TRANSPARENCY



Vertical bars indicate standard deviation

COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER TOTAL PHOSPHORUS



COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER MEDIAN CHLOROPHYLL-A

