

2023 Data Report for

Grass Lake, Gladwin County

Site ID: 260158

44.1168°N, 84.5844°W

The CLMP is brought to you by:











About this report:

This report is a summary of the data that have been collected through the Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program. The contents have been customized for your lake. The first page is a summary of the Trophic Status Indicators of your lake (Secchi Disk Transparency, Chlorophyll-a, Spring Total Phosphorus, and Summer Total Phosphorus). Where data are available, they have been summarized for the most recent field season, five years prior to the most recent field season, and since the first year your lake has been enrolled in the program.

If you did not take 8 or more Secchi disk measurements or 4 or more chlorophyll measurements, there will not be summary data calculated for these parameters. These numbers of measurements are required to ensure that the results are indicative of overall summer conditions.

If you enrolled in Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature, the summary page will have a graph of one of the profiles taken during the late summer (typically August or September). If your lake stratifies, we will use a graph showing the earliest time of stratification, because identifying the timing of this condition and the depth at which it occurs is typically the most important use of dissolved oxygen measurements.

The back of the summary page will be an explanation of the Trophic Status Index and where your lake fits on that scale.

The rest of the report will be aquatic plant summaries, Score the Shore results, and larger graphs, including all Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature Profiles that you recorded. For Secchi Disk, Chlorophyll, and Phosphorus parameters, you need to have two years of data for a graph to make logical sense. Therefore if this is the first year you have enrolled in the CLMP, you will not receive a graph for these parameters.

Remember that some lakes see a lot of fluctuation in these parameters from year to year. Until you have eight years worth of data, consider all trends to be preliminary.

To learn more about the CLMP monitoring parameters or get definitions to unknown terms, check out the CLMP Manual, found at: https://micorps.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/CLMP-Manual-2019update2_2021.pdf

Thank you!

The CLMP leadership team would like to thank you for all of your efforts over the past year. The CLMP would not exist without dedicated and hardworking volunteers!

The CLMP Leadership Team is made of: Jo Latimore, Erick Elgin, Jean Roth, Tamara Lipsey, Mike Gallagher, Melissa DeSimone, and Paul Steen

Questions?

If you have questions on this report or believe that the tabulated data for your lake in this report are in error please contact:

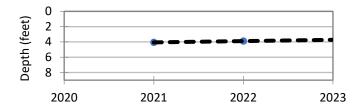
Paul Steen (psteen@hrwc.org), CLMP Data Analyst

Grass Lake, Gladwin County 2023 CLMP Results



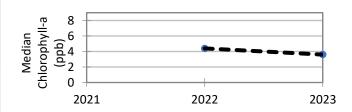
Secchi Disk Transparency (feet)

Year	# Readings	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2023	7*	4.0	4.0			
2021-2022 2023 All	18	3.0	5.0	4.0	0.6	57
CLMP Lakes	2825	0.5	51.0	12.2	2.7	43



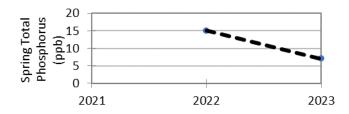
Chlorophyll-a (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Median	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2023	5	2.8	7.8	3.6	2.4	43
2022 2023 All CLMP	5	2.5	7.8	4.4	2.1	45
Lakes	687	< 1.0	43.0	3.7	5.3	43



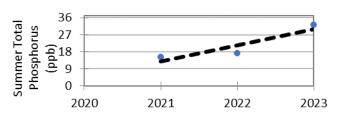
Spring Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev
2023	1	7.0	7.0	7.0	NA
2022	1	15.0	15.0	15.0	NA
2023 All					
CLMP Lakes	220	<5	220.0	20.7	21.3



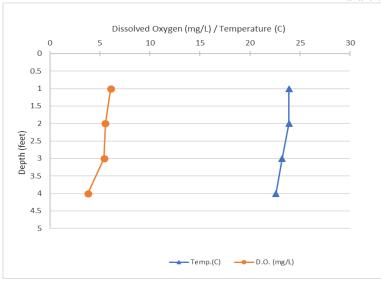
Summer Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2023	1	32.0	32.0	32.0	NA	54
2021-2022 2023 All CLMP	2	15.0	17.0	16.0	1.4	44
Lakes	234	<= 3	150.0	17.4	15.3	45



Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile





Summary

Average TSI	2023	2021-2022
Grass Lake	49	50
All CLMP		
Lakes	44	43

With an average TSI score of 49 based on 2023 chlorophyll-a and summer total phosphorus data, this lake is rated between the mesotrophic and eutrophic classification.

Due to its low depth, the lake is able to maintain dissolved oxygen throughout the water column for the entire summer.

There is too little data to assess long term trends. CLMP recommends eight years of consistent monitoring in order to develop a strong data baseline.

^{* =} Minimum # samples not met for average/median/TSI value

<1.0 = Chlorophyll-a: Sample value is less than limit of quantification (<1 ppb).

Trophic Status Index Explained

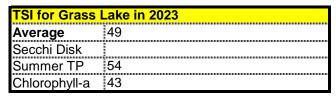
In 1977, limnologist Dr. Robert Carlson developed a numerical scale (0-100) where the numbers indicate the level of nutrient enrichment. Using the proper equations, we can convert results from Summer Total Phosphorus, Secchi Depth, and Chlorophyll-a to this Trophic Status Index (TSI). The TSI numbers are furthermore grouped into general categories (oligotrophic, mesotrophic, eutrophic, and hypereutrophic), to quickly give us a way to understand the general nutrient level of any lake.

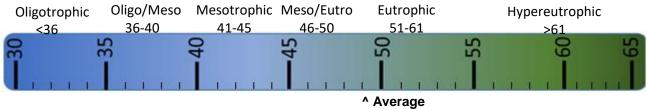
The tables below give the results-to-TSI conversions for the water quality data ranges normally seen in the CLMP. The formulas for this conversion can be found in the CLMP manual (link is on page 2 of this report).

Phosphorus	
(ppb)	TSI Value
<5	<27
6	30
8	34
10	37
12	40
15	43
18	46
21	48
24	50
32	54
36	56
42	58
48	60
>50	>61

TSI Value
<28
31
34
38
42
44
48
52
57
>61

Chlorophyll-a	TOLVIA
(ppb)	TSI Value
<1	
2	
3	41
4	
6	48
8	51
12	55
16	58
22	61
>22	>61





Total Phosphorus ^

^ Chlorophyll-a

Oligotrophic: Generally deep and clear lakes with little aquatic plant or algae growth. These lakes maintain sufficient dissolved oxygen in the cool, deep-bottom waters during late summer to support cold water fish, such as trout and whitefish.

Mesotrophic: Lakes that fall between oligotrophic and eutrophic. Mid-ranged amounts of nutrients.

Eutrophic: Highly productive eutrophic lakes are generally shallow, turbid, and support abundant aquatic plant growth. In deep eutrophic lakes, the cool bottom waters usually contain little or no dissolved oxygen. Therefore, these lakes can only support warm water fish, such as bass and pike.

Hypereutrophic: A specialized category of euthrophic lakes. These lakes exhibit extremely high productivity, such as nuisance algae and weed growth.

Grass Lake, Gladwin County 2022 CLMP Aquatic Plant Results



The Aquatic Plant Mapping survey was conducted on Grass Lake in 2022.

This survey involves intensive sampling at multiple locations and depths around the lake produce a complete map of all aquatic plants present in a lake. A great deal of effort is involved both on the lake and back on shore to identify plants, compile data, and develop a detailed plant map, but the result is an extremely valuable record of the plant community of the lake.

Aquatic plants were sampled from a total of 15 locations (5 transects) in Grass Lake in 2022. Below is a list of species reported in order off relative abundance. Survey took place between August 15 and October 4. No invasive species were documented.

Grass Lake, Gladwin County				
2022 Aquatic Plant Mapping: Species Reported				
<u>lame</u>	<u>Latin Name</u>	Average Density*		

Common Name	Latin Name	Average Density*
Watershield	Brasenia schreberi	4.87
Purple bladderwort	<i>Utricularia</i> sp.	4.87
Creeping bladderwort	Utricularia gibba	2.00
White water lily	Nymphaea odorata	1.20
Water bulrush	Schoenoplectus subterminalis	0.27
Illinois pondweed	Potamogeton illinoensis	0.20
Nitella (algae)	Nitella sp.	0.20
Yellow water lily	Nuphar variegata	0.13
Stonewort (algae)	Chara sp.	0.07
Thin leaf pondweed	Potamogeton sp.	observed
Large leaf pondweed	Potamogeton amplifolius	observed
Cattails	Typha spp.	observed

*Lakewide. Scale: 0 (absent) - 5 (dense)

Visit the MiCorps Data Exchange (www.micorps.net) or contact the lead volunteer on your lake for more details on the survey, including sampling locations, maps, and abundance information, and for information on past surveys.

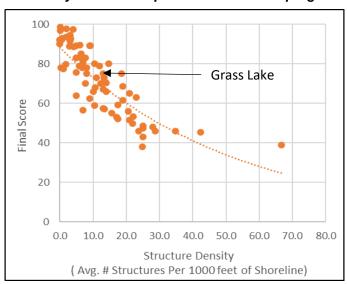
Grass Lake, Gladwin County 2021 Score the Shore Results



The Score the Shore Habitat Assessment was conducted on Grass Lake in 2021.

This assessment involves rating 1000 foot sections of shoreline for aquatic vegetation, shoreline vegetation, erosion, and erosion control practices (like sea walls). Each shoreline section is given three scores ranging from 0-100 for the categories of Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management. The three scores are averaged to produce a average section score. Then a total score is given to the entire lake by averaging all of the average section scores. A score of 0 indicates a shoreline that has been extremely disturbed by human impacts and no natural shoreline remains. A score of 100 indicates a shoreline that is nearly pristine.

How does your lake compare to others in the program?



Grass Lake	
Number of Sections:	4
Number of Structures:	74
Structure Density:	18.5
Final Score:	75

All 78 Participating Lakes from :	2015-2021
Avg. Number of Sections:	16
Avg. Number of Structures:	214
Avg. Structure Density:	12.2
Avg. Final Score:	72

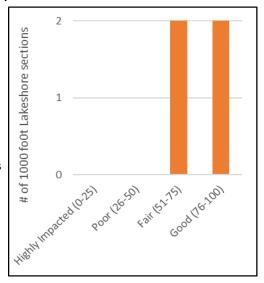
Note about graph to the left: The dotted line sets your average expectation of the score of your lake. If your lake is lower than the dotted line, then your shoreline health is lower than average compared to lakes with similar amount of shoreline development. And viceversa in regards to a lake above the dotted line.

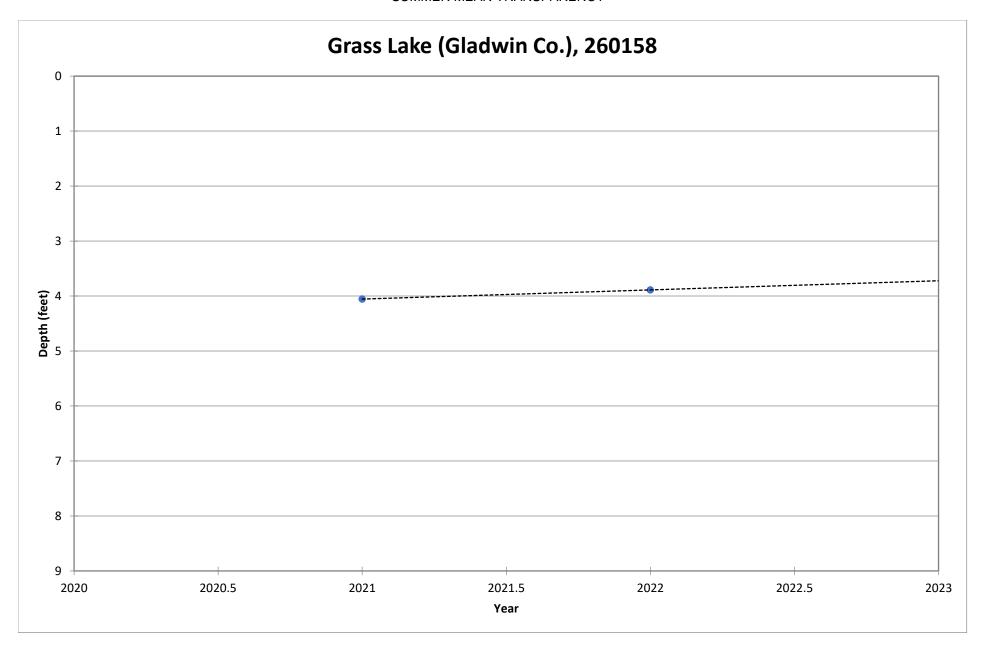
Analysis specific to Grass Lake:

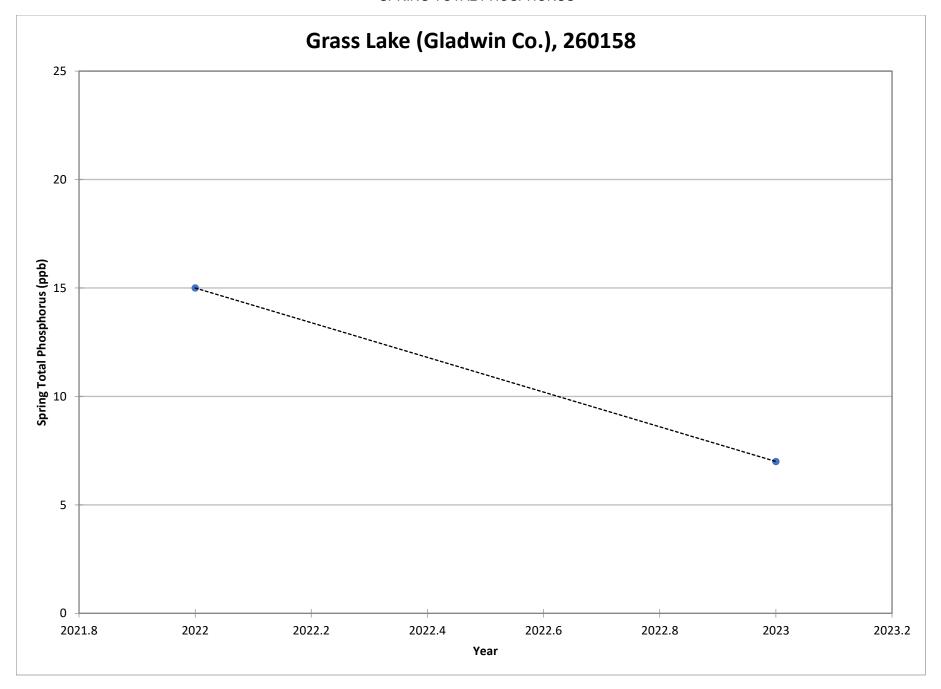
Overall, the lakeshore habitat of Grass Lake is doing well and scored slightly higher than average when compared to all other lakes in the program. All of the 1000 foot sections scored either Fair or Good: 2 fair, and 2 good. Compared to other lakes with the same amount of development, Grass Lake is significantly better than average. That being said, there is room for improvement.

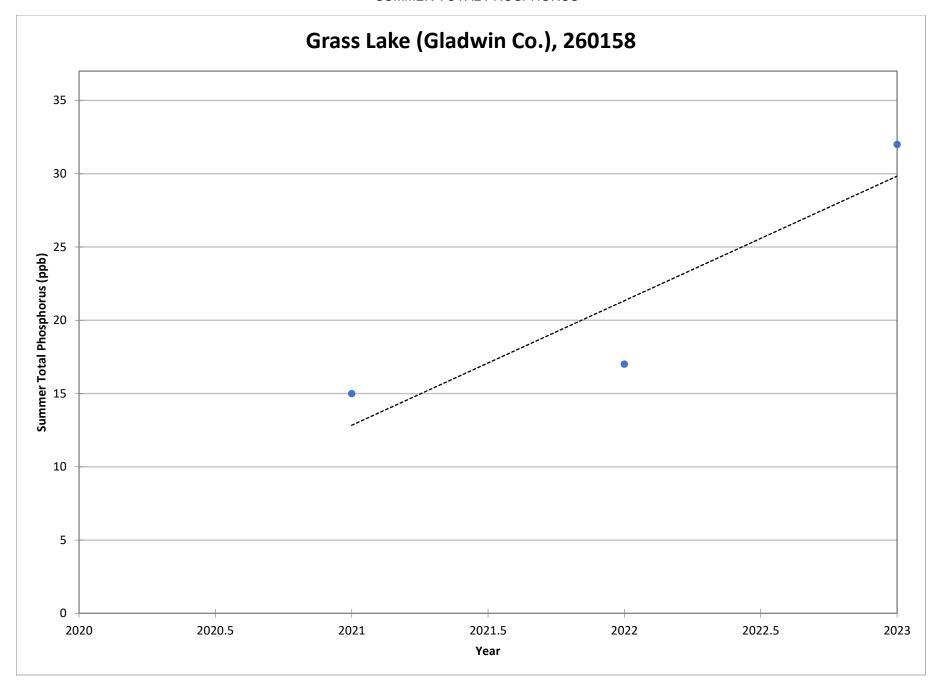
The riparian zone was the weak point in the lake's score (scoring an average of 64). Reduce the amount of mowed grass and increase the amount of unmowed native vegetation along the lakeshore to boost this aspect of the shoreline habitat. You can get plenty of ideas for improving shoreline health from the Michigan Natural Shoreline Partnership (https://www.mishorelinepartnership.org/).

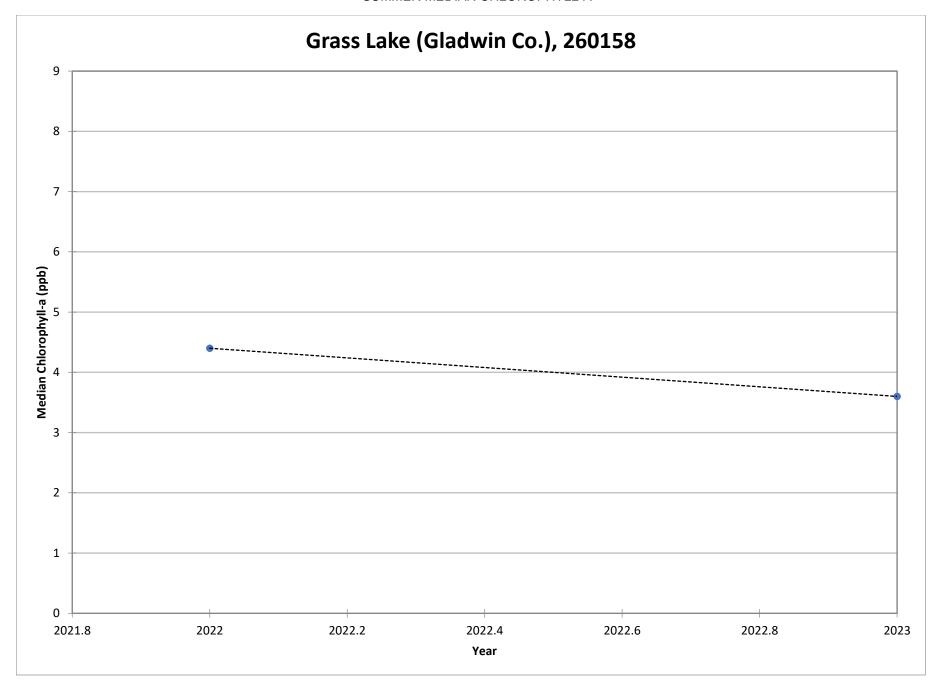
The other two categories (Littoral and Erosion Control) have scores in the "Good" range and the emphasis on these features should be maintenance and prevention of disturbance.











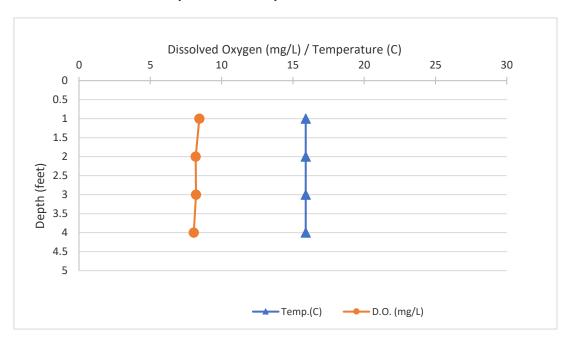
Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 5/20/2023

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	15.9	8.44
2	15.9	8.18
3	15.9	8.21
4	15.9	8.05

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

Lake: Grass Lake (Gladwin Co.)





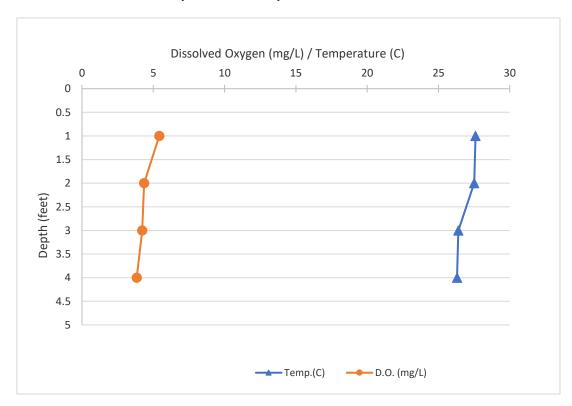
Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 6/3/2023

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	27.6	5.42
2	27.5	4.36
3	26.4	4.22
4	26.3	3.84

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

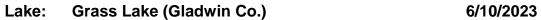
Lake: Grass Lake (Gladwin Co.)

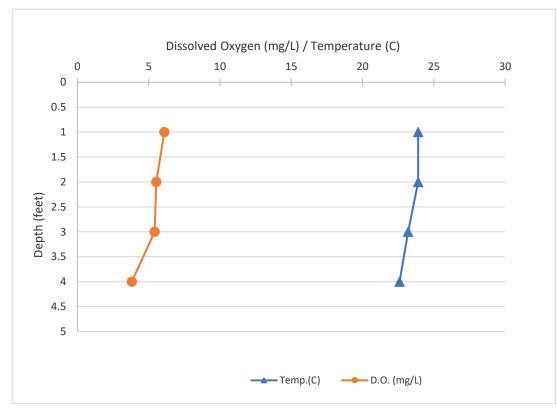
6/3/2023



Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 6/10/2023

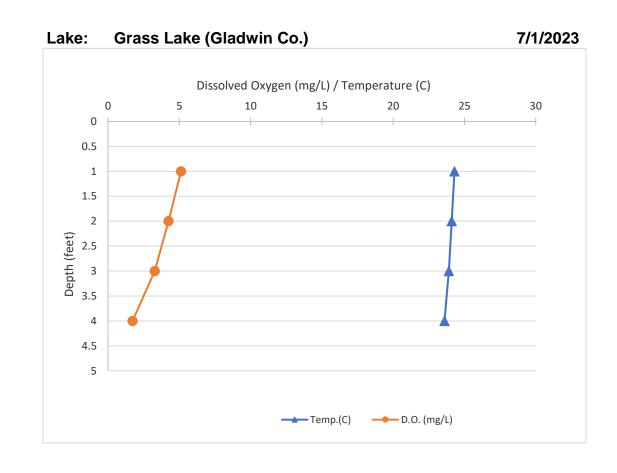
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	23.9	6.1
2	23.9	5.54
3	23.2	5.42
4	22.6	3.82





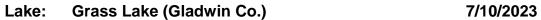
Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 7/1/2023

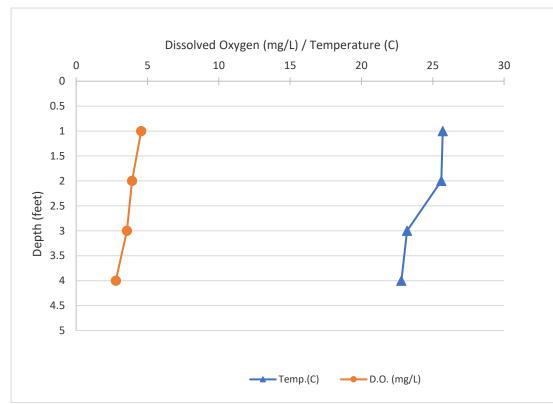
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	24.3	5.12
2	24.1	4.25
3	23.9	3.28
4	23.6	1.72



Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 7/10/2023

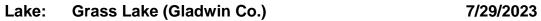
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	25.7	4.56
2	25.6	3.92
3	23.2	3.56
4	22.8	2.78

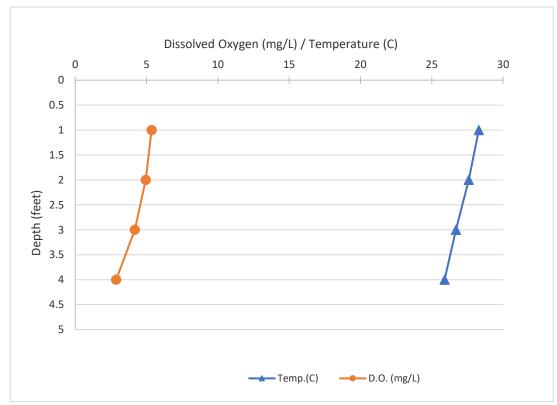




Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 7/29/2023

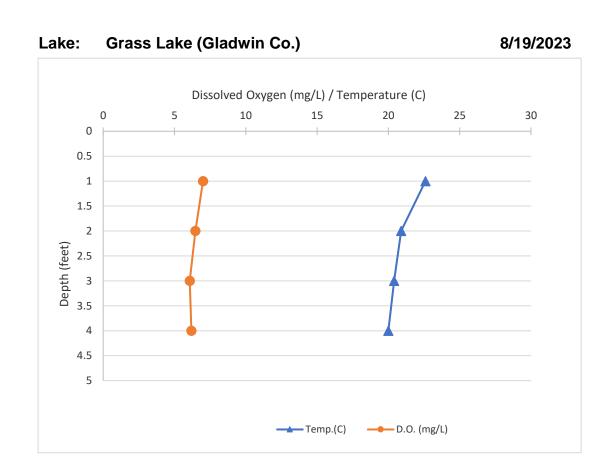
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	28.3	5.35
2	27.6	4.94
3	26.7	4.18
4	25.9	2.87





Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 8/19/2023

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	22.6	7
2	20.9	6.47
3	20.4	6.07
4	20	6.19



Name: Grass Lake County: Gladwin Site ID: 260158 Date: 9/10/2023

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	22.1	5.53
2	21.1	5.23
3	20.7	5.07
4	20.5	5.11

