

2023 Data Report for

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County

Site ID: 800271

42.0767°N, 85.8672°W

The CLMP is brought to you by:



About this report:

This report is a summary of the data that have been collected through the Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program. The contents have been customized for your lake. The first page is a summary of the Trophic Status Indicators of your lake (Secchi Disk Transparency, Chlorophyll-a, Spring Total Phosphorus, and Summer Total Phosphorus). Where data are available, they have been summarized for the most recent field season, five years prior to the most recent field season, and since the first year your lake has been enrolled in the program.

If you did not take 8 or more Secchi disk measurements or 4 or more chlorophyll measurements, there will not be summary data calculated for these parameters. These numbers of measurements are required to ensure that the results are indicative of overall summer conditions.

If you enrolled in Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature, the summary page will have a graph of one of the profiles taken during the late summer (typically August or September). If your lake stratifies, we will use a graph showing the earliest time of stratification, because identifying the timing of this condition and the depth at which it occurs is typically the most important use of dissolved oxygen measurements.

The back of the summary page will be an explanation of the Trophic Status Index and where your lake fits on that scale.

The rest of the report will be aquatic plant summaries, Score the Shore results, and larger graphs, including all Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature Profiles that you recorded. For Secchi Disk, Chlorophyll, and Phosphorus parameters, you need to have two years of data for a graph to make logical sense. Therefore if this is the first year you have enrolled in the CLMP, you will not receive a graph for these parameters.

Remember that some lakes see a lot of fluctuation in these parameters from year to year. Until you have eight years worth of data, consider all trends to be preliminary.

To learn more about the CLMP monitoring parameters or get definitions to unknown terms, check out the CLMP Manual, found at: https://micorps.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/CLMP-Manual-2019update2_2021.pdf

Thank you!

The CLMP leadership team would like to thank you for all of your efforts over the past year. The CLMP would not exist without dedicated and hardworking volunteers!

The CLMP Leadership Team is made of: Jo Latimore, Erick Elgin, Jean Roth, Tamara Lipsey, Mike Gallagher, Melissa DeSimone, and Paul Steen

Questions?

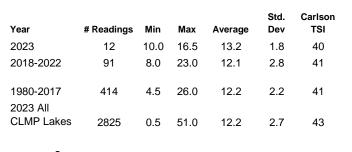
If you have questions on this report or believe that the tabulated data for your lake in this report are in error please contact:

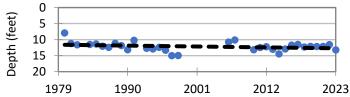
Paul Steen (psteen@hrwc.org), CLMP Data Analyst

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County 2023 CLMP Results

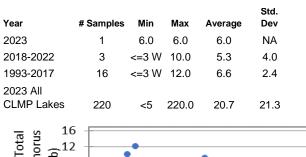


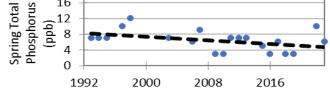
Secchi Disk Transparency (feet)



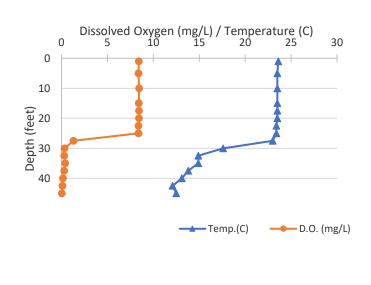


Spring Phosphorus (parts per billion)

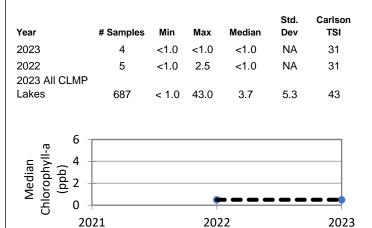




Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile 8/18/23

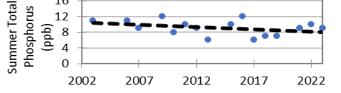


Chlorophyll-a (parts per billion)



Summer Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2023	1	9.0	9.0	9.0	NA	36
2018-2022	4	7.0	10.0	8.3	1.5	34
2003-2017	11	6.0	12.0	9.5	2.1	36
2023 All CLMP Lakes	234	<= 3	150.0	17.4	15.3	45
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Summary

Average TSI	2023	2018-2022	1980-2017
Gravel Lake	36	37	40
All CLMP Lakes	44	41	42

With an average TSI score of 36 based on 2023 Secchi transparency, chlorophyll-a, and summer total phosphorus data, this lake is rated between the oligotrophic and mesotrophic classification. The lake leans slightly more oligotrophic than mesotrophic.

The available monitoring data indicates that this lake is stratified by late summer, at which time the bottom waters are devoid of oxygen. More data is required to establish the point at which stratification begins during the monitoring season.

Long term trends indicate that the trophic status parameters have not changed beyond minor year-to year variation since monitoring began.

W= Value is less than the detection limit (<3 ppb) T = Value reported is less than the reporting limit (5 ppb)

^{* =} Minimum # samples not met for average/median/TSI value

<1.0 = Chlorophyll-a: Sample value is less than limit of quantification (<1 ppb).

Trophic Status Index Explained

In 1977, limnologist Dr. Robert Carlson developed a numerical scale (0-100) where the numbers indicate the level of nutrient enrichment. Using the proper equations, we can convert results from Summer Total Phosphorus, Secchi Depth, and Chlorophyll-a to this Trophic Status Index (TSI). The TSI numbers are furthermore grouped into general categories (oligotrophic, mesotrophic, eutrophic, and hypereutrophic), to quickly give us a way to understand the general nutrient level of any lake.

The tables below give the results-to-TSI conversions for the water quality data ranges normally seen in the CLMP. The formulas for this conversion can be found in the CLMP manual (link is on page 2 of this report).

Phosphorus			S	ecchi Depth	1			Chloro	phyll-a		
(ppb)	TSI Value			(ft)		TSI Value			(ppb)	TSI	Value
<5	<27			>30)	<28			<1		<31
6	30			25		31			2		37
8	34			20)	34			3		41
10	37			15		38			4		44
12	40			12		42			6		48
15	43			10)	44			8		51
18	46			7.5		48			12		55
21	48			6		52			16		58
24	50			4		57			22		61
32	54			<3		>61			>22		>61
36	56										
42	58										
48	60		TS	for Gravel	Lake ir	2023					
>50	>61		Ave	erage	36						
			Sec	chi Disk	40						
			Sur	nmer TP	36						
			Chl	orophyll-a	31						
Oligotrophi	c Oligo/	Meso	Mesotro	phic Meso	/Eutro	Eutroph	ic		Hypere	utrophic	
<36	36-4	10	41-4	5 46	-50	51-61				61	
8 1	- - 35		1 ' '		1 1	50	i i	- 55		9 	- 65
	^ Av	erage									
			Secchi	Transparen	су						
	^ Tot	al Phosp		-							
^ Chlorop	hyll-a										

Oligotrophic: Generally deep and clear lakes with little aquatic plant or algae growth. These lakes maintain sufficient dissolved oxygen in the cool, deep-bottom waters during late summer to support cold water fish, such as trout and whitefish.

Mesotrophic: Lakes that fall between oligotrophic and eutrophic. Mid-ranged amounts of nutrients.

Eutrophic: Highly productive eutrophic lakes are generally shallow, turbid, and support abundant aquatic plant growth. In deep eutrophic lakes, the cool bottom waters usually contain little or no dissolved oxygen. Therefore, these lakes can only support warm water fish, such as bass and pike.

Hypereutrophic: A specialized category of euthrophic lakes. These lakes exhibit extremely high productivity, such as nuisance algae and weed growth.

Site ID: 800271

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County 2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results



The Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch was conducted on Gravel Lake in 2022.

This survey involves sampling at multiple locations around the lake to detect new invaders, and document the extent of known invaders. While notes on other plant species may be recorded during the survey, the effort focuses on five highly invasive species: Eurasian watermilfoil (Myriophyllum spicatum), starry stonewort (Nitellopsis obtusa), curly-leaf pondweed (Potamogeton crispus), European Frogbit (Hydrocharis morsusranae), and Hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata).

The table below summarizes the results of the 2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch on Gravel Lake.

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County

2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results

<u>Species</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Eurasian watermilfoil	not found	
Starry stonewort	FOUND	Found at 3 of 9 sites surveyed. Identification confirmed with photos.
Curly-leaf pondweed	not found	
European Frogbit	not found	
Hydrilla	not found	

Visit the MiCorps Data Exchange (https://micorps.net) or contact the lead volunteer on your lake for more details on the survey, including sampling locations, maps, and abundance information, and for information on past surveys.

Site ID: 800271

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County 2021 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Result

Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program

The Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch was conducted on Gravel Lake in 2021.

This survey involves sampling at multiple locations around the lake to detect new invaders, and document the extent of known invaders. While notes on other plant species may be recorded during the survey, the effort focuses on five highly invasive species: Eurasian watermilfoil (*Myriophyllum spicatum*), starry stonewort (*Nitellopsis obtusa*), curly-leaf pondweed (*Potamogeton crispus*), European Frogbit (*Hydrocharis morsus-ranae*), and Hydrilla (*Hydrilla verticillata*).

The table below summarizes the results of the 2021 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch.

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County

2021 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results

Species	Survey Date(s): Aug <u>Status</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Eurasian watermilfoil	not found	
Starry stonewort	FOUND	Found at 1 of 4 transects surveyed (boat ramp).
Curly-leaf pondweed	not found	
European Frogbit	not found	
Hydrilla	not found	

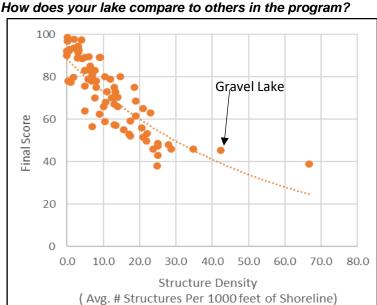
Visit the MiCorps Data Exchange (https://micorps.net) or contact the lead volunteer on your lake for more details on the survey, including sampling locations, maps, and abundance information, and for information on past surveys.

Gravel Lake, Van Buren County **2021 Score the Shore Results**



The Score the Shore Habitat Assessment was conducted on Gravel Lake in 2021.

This assessment involves rating 1000 foot sections of shoreline for aquatic vegetation, shoreline vegetation, erosion, and erosion control practices (like sea walls). Each shoreline section is given three scores ranging from 0-100 for the categories of Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management. The three scores are averaged to produce a average section score. Then a total score is given to the entire lake by averaging all of the average section scores. A score of 0 indicates a shoreline that has been extremely disturbed by human impacts and no natural shoreline remains. A score of 100 indicates a shoreline that is nearly pristine.



Analysis specific to Gravel La

Overall, the lakeshore habitat of Gravel Lake is below average when compared to the other lakes in the program. Two-thirds of the lake sections score poor (8 poor, 4 fair).

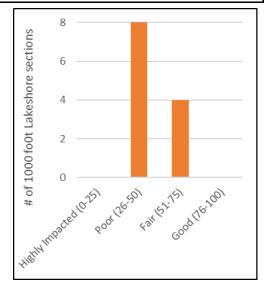
Many of the lake sections scored highest for erosion control, with an average of 62, meaning that there are a low to moderate amount of sea walls, rock rip-rap, and other shoreline erosion structures.

However, the riparian zone was the weak point in the scoring (with an average section score of 23, which is considered Highly Impacted). Reduce the amount of mowed grass and increase the amount of unmowed native vegetation along the lakeshore to boost this aspect of the shoreline habitat. You can get plenty of ideas for improving shoreline health from the Michigan Natural Shoreline Partnership (https://www.mishorelinepartnership.org/).

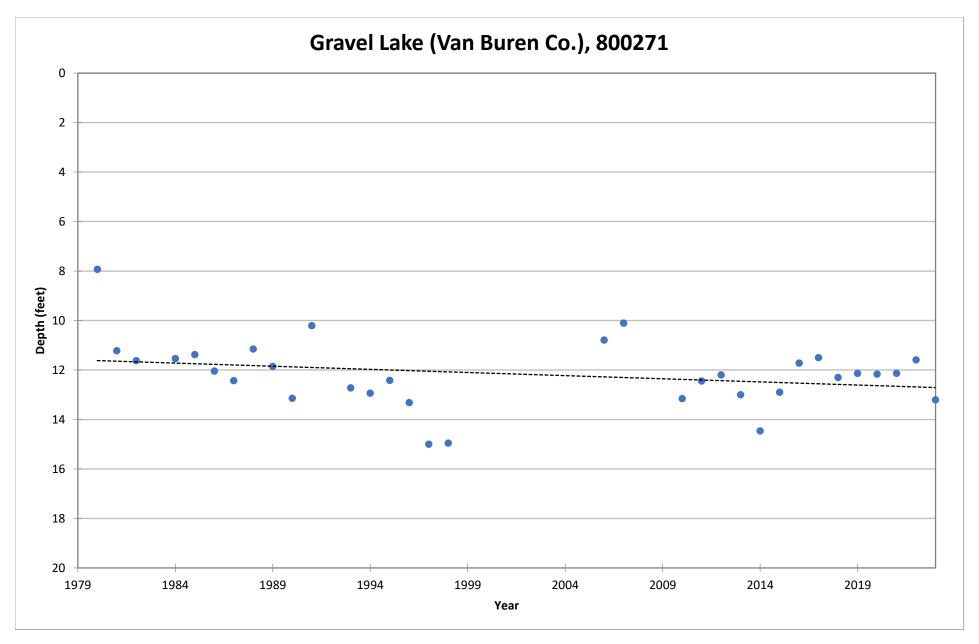
Gravel Lake	
Number of Sections:	12
Number of Structures:	509
Structure Density:	42
Final Score:	45

All 78 Participating Lakes from 2015-2021:			
Avg. Number of Sections: 16			
Avg. Number of Structures:	214		
Avg. Structure Density:	12.2		
Avg. Final Score:	72		

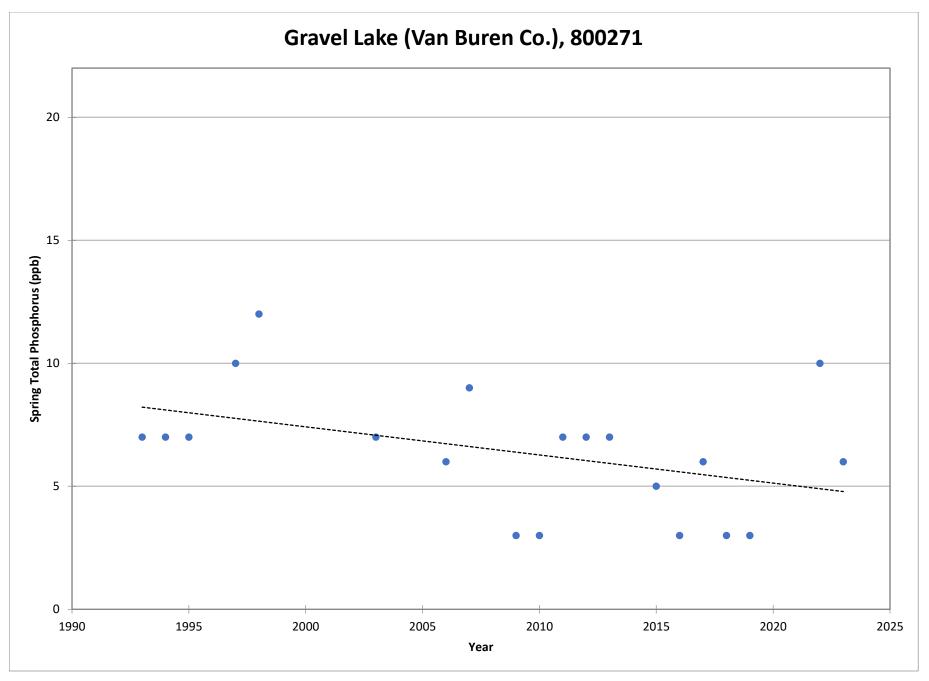
Note about graph to the left: The dotted line sets your average expectation of the score of your lake. If your lake is lower than the dotted line, then your shoreline health is lower than average compared to *lakes with* similar amount of shoreline development. And vice-versa in regards to a lake above the dotted line.



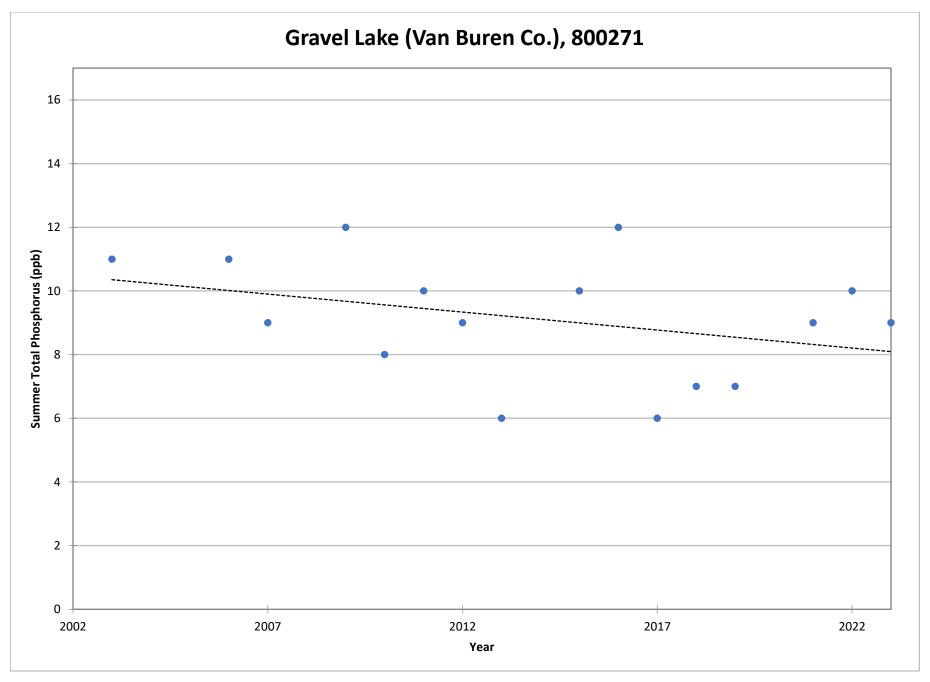
COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER MEAN TRANSPARENCY



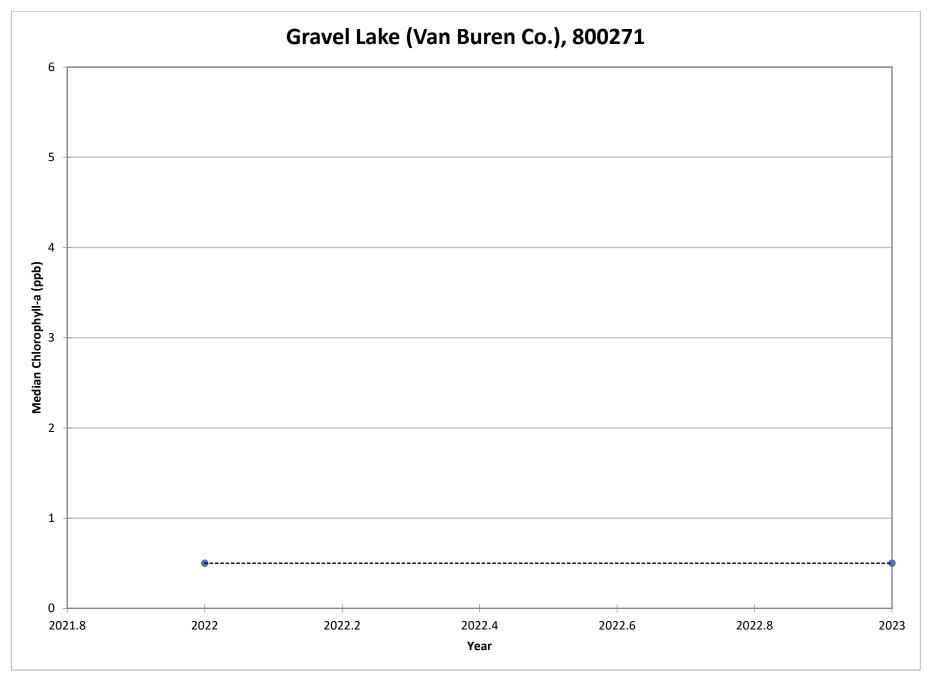
COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SPRING TOTAL PHOSPHORUS



COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER TOTAL PHOSPHORUS



COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMER MEDIAN CHLOROPHYLL-A



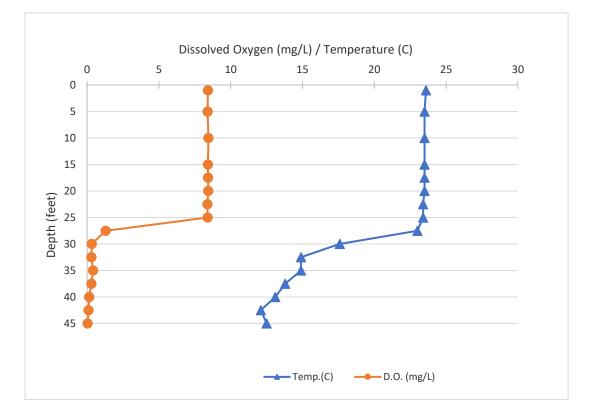
Name:Gravel LakeCounty:Van BurenSite ID:800271Date:8/18/2023

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	23.6	8.41
5	23.5	8.39
10	23.5	8.45
15	23.5	8.42
17.5	23.5	8.43
20	23.5	8.44
22.5	23.4	8.38
25	23.4	8.39
27.5	23	1.3
30	17.6	0.33
32.5	14.9	0.3
35	14.9	0.41
37.5	13.8	0.3
40	13.1	0.15
42.5	12.1	0.1
45	12.5	0.04

Lake: Gravel Lake (Van Buren Co.)

8/18/2023



Name:Gravel LakeCounty:Van BurenSite ID:800271Date:9/12/2023

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

9/12/2023

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	22.9	9.8
5	22.9	9.4
10	22.9	9.51
15	22.9	9.38
17.5	22.9	9.31
20	22.8	8.82
22.5	22.2	7.03
25	21.8	3.79
27.5	19.6	0.42
30	16.1	0.58
32.5	14.5	0.28
35	13.4	0.11
37.5	12.2	0.08
40	10.9	0.05
42.5	10.5	0.05
45	10.4	0.03
50	10.3	0.03

Lake: Gravel Lake (Van Buren Co.)

Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) / Temperature (C) Depth (feet) — D.O. (mg/L) Temp.(C)