

2024 Data Report for Pleasant (Northwest Basin) Lake, Washtenaw County

Site ID: 810266

42.2064°N, 83.9617°W

The CLMP is brought to you by:











About this report:

This report is a summary of the data that have been collected through the Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program. The contents have been customized for your lake. The first page is a summary of the Trophic Status Indicators of your lake (Secchi Disk Transparency, Chlorophylla, Spring Total Phosphorus, and Summer Total Phosphorus). Where data are available, they have been summarized for the most recent field season, five years prior to the most recent field season, and since the first year your lake has been enrolled in the program.

If you did not take 8 or more Secchi disk measurements or 4 or more chlorophyll measurements, there will not be summary data calculated for these parameters. These numbers of measurements are required to ensure that the results are indicative of overall summer conditions.

If you enrolled in Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature, the summary page will have a graph of one of the profiles taken during the late summer (typically August or September). If your lake stratifies, we will use a graph showing the earliest time of stratification, because identifying the timing of this condition and the depth at which it occurs is typically the most important use of dissolved oxygen measurements.

The back of the summary page will be an explanation of the Trophic Status Index and where your lake fits on that scale.

The rest of the report will be aquatic plant summaries, Score the Shore results, and larger graphs, including all Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature Profiles that you recorded. For Secchi Disk, Chlorophyll, and Phosphorus parameters, you need to have two years of data for a graph to make logical sense. Therefore if this is the first year you have enrolled in the CLMP, you will not receive a graph for these parameters.

Remember that some lakes see a lot of fluctuation in these parameters from year to year. Until you have eight years worth of data, consider all trends to be preliminary.

To learn more about the CLMP monitoring parameters or get definitions to unknown terms, check out the CLMP Manual, found at: https://micorps.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/CLMP-Manual-2019update2_2021.pdf

Thank you!

The CLMP leadership team would like to thank you for all of your efforts over the past year. The CLMP would not exist without dedicated and hardworking volunteers!

The CLMP Leadership Team is made of: Jo Latimore, Erick Elgin, Jean Roth, Tamara Lipsey, Mike Gallagher, Melissa DeSimone, and Paul Steen

Questions?

If you have questions on this report or believe that the tabulated data for your lake in this report are in error please contact:

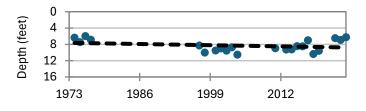
Paul Steen (psteen@hrwc.org), CLMP Data Analyst

Pleasant Lake, Washtenaw Co. 2024 CLMP Results



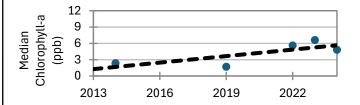
Secchi Disk Transparency (feet)

Year	# Readings	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2024	19	5.5	7.5	6.3	0.7	51
2019-2023	54	4.5	13.5	7.7	2.2	48
1974-2018 2024 All	329	4.0	16.0	8.6	1.1	46
CLMP Lakes	3348	0.5	85.0	11.7	6.2	43



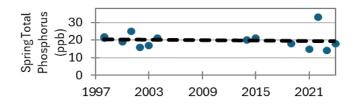
Chlorophyll-a (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Median	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2024	5	2.6	5.9	4.8	1.4	46
2019-2023	15	1.3	10.0	5.6	1.8	47
2013-2018	15	<1.0	14.0	5.6	1.4	39
2024 All CLMP						
Lakes	708	< 1.0	63.0	2.8	7.3	41



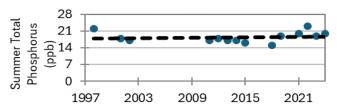
Spring Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Sta. Dev
2024	1	18.0	18.0	18.0	NA
2019-2023	4	14.0	33.0	20.0	8.8
1998-2018	10	16.0	25.0	20.3	2.5
2024 All					
CLMP Lakes	259	<= 5	140.0	14.3	39.7

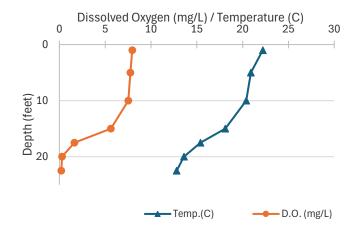


Summer Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2024	1	20.0	20.0	20.0	NA	47
2019-2023	4	19.0	23.0	20.3	1.9	48
1998-2018	9	15.0	22.0	17.4	1.9	45
2024 All CLMP						
Lakes	261	<= 5	140.0	14.6	11.9	43



Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile



Summary

Average TSI	2024	2019-2023	1974-2018
Pleasant Lake	48	47	46
All CLMP Lakes	41	42	43
	71	7₽	

With an average TSI score of 48 based on 2024 Secchi transparency, chlorophyll-a, and summer total phosphorus data, this lake is rated between the mesotrophic and eutrophic classification.

This lake is anoxic on the bottom from the first sampling in the spring. This condition persists throughout the monitoring season.

Long term trends indicate that the trophic status parameters have not changed beyond minor year-to-year variation since monitoring began.

5/18/2024

^{* =} Minimum # samples not met for average/median/TSI value

<1.0 = Chlorophyll-a: Sample value is less than limit of quantification (<1 ppb).

Trophic Status Index Explained

In 1977, limnologist Dr. Robert Carlson developed a numerical scale (0-100) where the numbers indicate the level of nutrient enrichment. Using the proper equations, we can convert results from Summer Total Phosphorus, Secchi Depth, and Chlorophyll-a to this Trophic Status Index (TSI). The TSI numbers are furthermore grouped into general categories (oligotrophic, mesotrophic, eutrophic, and hypereutrophic), to quickly give us a way to understand the general nutrient level of any lake.

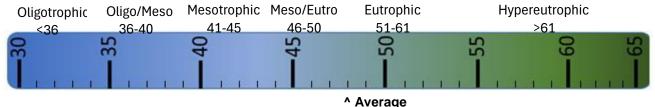
The tables below give the results-to-TSI conversions for the water quality data ranges normally seen in the CLMP. The formulas for this conversion can be found in the CLMP manual (link is on page 2 of this report).

Phosphorus	
(ppb)	TSI Value
<5	<27
6	30
8	34
10	37
12	40
15	43
18	46
21	48
24	50
32	54
36	56
42	58
48	60
>50	>61

Secchi Depth	
(ft)	TSI Value
>30	<28
25	31
20	
15	38
12	
10	
7.5	48
6	52
4	57
<3	>61

Chlorophyll-a	
(ppb)	TSI Value
<1	
2	37
3	41
4	44
6	48
8	51
12	55
16	58
22	61
>22	>61

TSI for Pleasant (Northwest Basin) Lake in 2024				
Average	48			
Secchi Disk	51			
Summer TP	47			
Chlorophyll-a	46			



Oligotrophic: Generally deep and clear lakes with little aquatic plant or algae growth. These lakes maintain sufficient dissolved oxygen in the cool, deep-bottom waters during late summer to support cold water fish, such as trout and whitefish.

Mesotrophic: Lakes that fall between oligotrophic and eutrophic. Mid-ranged amounts of nutrients.

Eutrophic: Highly productive eutrophic lakes are generally shallow, turbid, and support abundant aquatic plant growth. In deep eutrophic lakes, the cool bottom waters usually contain little or no dissolved oxygen. Therefore, these lakes can only support warm water fish, such as bass and pike.

Hypereutrophic: A specialized category of euthrophic lakes. These lakes exhibit extremely high productivity, such as nuisance algae and weed growth.

Site ID: 810266

Pleasant Lake, Washtenaw County 2022 Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch Results



Pleasant Lake was enrolled in the Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch, but no survey results were reported in 2022.

Why is monitoring aquatic plants important?

A major component of the plant community in lakes is the large, leafy, rooted plants. Compared to the microscopic algae the rooted plants are large. Sometimes they are collectively called the "macrophytes" ("macro" meaning large and "phyte" meaning plant). These macrophytes are the plants that people sometimes complain about and refer to as lake weeds.

Far from being weeds, macrophytes or rooted aquatic plants are a natural and essential part of the lake, just as grasses, shrubs and trees are a natural part of the land. Their roots are a fabric for holding sediments in place, reducing erosion and maintaining bottom stability. They provide habitat for fish, including structure for food organisms, nursery areas, foraging and predator avoidance. Waterfowl, shore birds and aquatic mammals use plants to forage on and within, and as nesting materials and cover.

Though plants are important to the lake, overabundant plants can negatively affect fish populations, fishing and other recreational activities. Rooted plant populations increase in abundance as nutrient concentrations increase in the lake. As lakes become more eutrophic rooted plant populations increase. They are rarely a problem in oligotrophic lakes, only occasionally a problem in mesotrophic lakes, sometimes a problem in eutrophic lakes, and often a problem in hypereutrophic lakes.

However, sometimes a lake is invaded by an aquatic plant species that is not native to Michigan. In these cases, even nutrient poor oligotrophic lakes can be threatened. Some of these exotic plants, like curly-leaf pondweed, Eurasian watermilfoil, starry stonewort, European frog-bit and Hydrilla can be extremely disruptive to the lake's ecosystem and recreational activities.

To avoid a takeover by exotic plants, it is necessary to use Integrated Pest Management (IPM) strategies: monitoring, early detection, rapid response, maintenance control, and preventive management.

The CLMP offers two parameters on aquatic plants. In the Exotic Aquatic Plant Watch, volunteers concentrate on monitoring and early detection of exotic invasive plants only. In Aquatic Plant Mapping, volunteers identify all native and non-native plants. In both parameters, volunteers create lake maps or use digital tools to georeference where the plants are found.

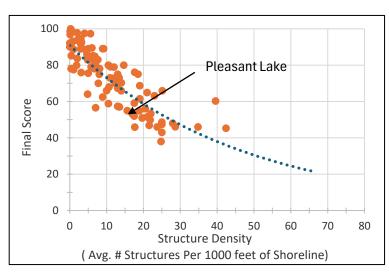
Pleasant Lake, Washtenaw County 2022 Score the Shore Results



The Score the Shore Habitat Assessment was conducted on Pleasant Lake in 2022.

This assessment involves rating 1000 foot sections of shoreline for aquatic vegetation, shoreline vegetation, erosion, and erosion control practices (like sea walls). Each shoreline section is given three scores ranging from 0-100 for the categories of Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management. The three scores are averaged to produce a average section score. Then a total score is given to the entire lake by averaging all of the average section scores. A score of 0 indicates a shoreline that has been extremely disturbed by human impacts and no natural shoreline remains. A score of 100 indicates a shoreline that is nearly pristine.

How does your lake compare to others in the program?



Pleasant Lake	
Number of Sections:	15
Number of Structures:	257
Structure Density:	17.1
Final Score:	52.9

All 97 Participating Lakes from 2015-2022:		
Avg. Number of Sections:	16	
Avg. Number of Structures:	228	
Avg. Structure Density:	12	
Avg. Final Score:	73	

Note about graph to the left: The dotted line sets your average expectation of the score of your lake. If your lake is lower than the dotted line, then your shoreline health is lower than average compared to *lakes with similar amount of shoreline development*. And vice-versa in regards to a lake above the dotted line.

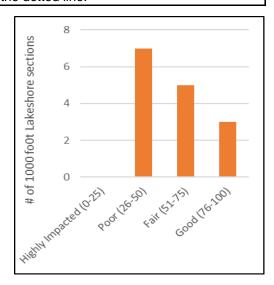
Analysis specific to Pleasant Lake

Overall, the lakeshore habitat of Pleasant Lake is below average when compared to the other lakes in the program with similar amount of development. A little less than 50% percent of the lake sections score poor or worse (7 poor, 5 fair, 3 good).

There is no particular habitat strength in Pleasant Lake, rather, all of the habitat ranges from slightly to moderately degraded, depending where in the lake one is looking. There are some sections that are quite healthy and natural, and others where there is not much natural habitat remaining.

To improve scores, residents should work on all three categories (Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management). Keep native plants in the shallows, allow unmowed areas to grow on the shoreline, and remove sea walls whenever possible. You can get plenty of ideas for improving shoreline health from the Michigan Natural Shoreline Partnership (https://www.shorelinepartnership.org/).

Compared to the 2015 Score the Shore study, the habitat has not changed much. There are some differences, but they seem to be relatively minor, probably reflecting slightly different choices made while scoring rather than changed habitat since 2015.



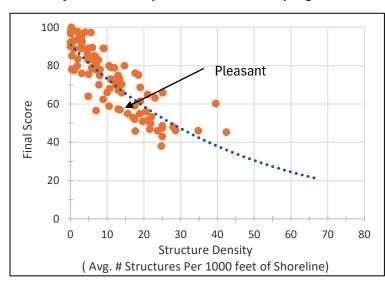
Pleasant Lake, Washtenaw County 2015 Score the Shore Results



The Score the Shore Habitat Assessment was conducted on Pleasant Lake in 2015.

This assessment involves rating 1000 foot sections of shoreline for aquatic vegetation, shoreline vegetation, erosion, and erosion control practices (like sea walls). Each shoreline section is given three scores ranging from 0-100 for the categories of Littoral, Riparian, and Erosion Management. The three scores are averaged to produce a average section score. Then a total score is given to the entire lake by averaging all of the average section scores. A score of 0 indicates a shoreline that has been extremely disturbed by human impacts and no natural shoreline remains. A score of 100 indicates a shoreline that is nearly pristine.

How does your lake compare to others in the program?



Pleasant Lake	
Number of Sections:	15
Number of Structures:	202
Structure Density:	13.5
Final Score:	56.6

All 97 Participating Lakes from 2	2015-2022:
Avg. Number of Sections:	16
Avg. Number of Structures:	228
Avg. Structure Density:	12
Avg. Final Score:	73

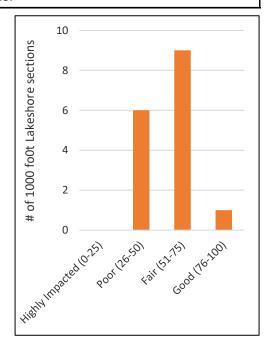
Note about graph to the left: The dotted line sets your average expectation of the score of your lake. If your lake is lower than the dotted line, then your shoreline health is lower than average compared to lakes with similar amount of shoreline development. And viceversa in regards to a lake above the dotted line.

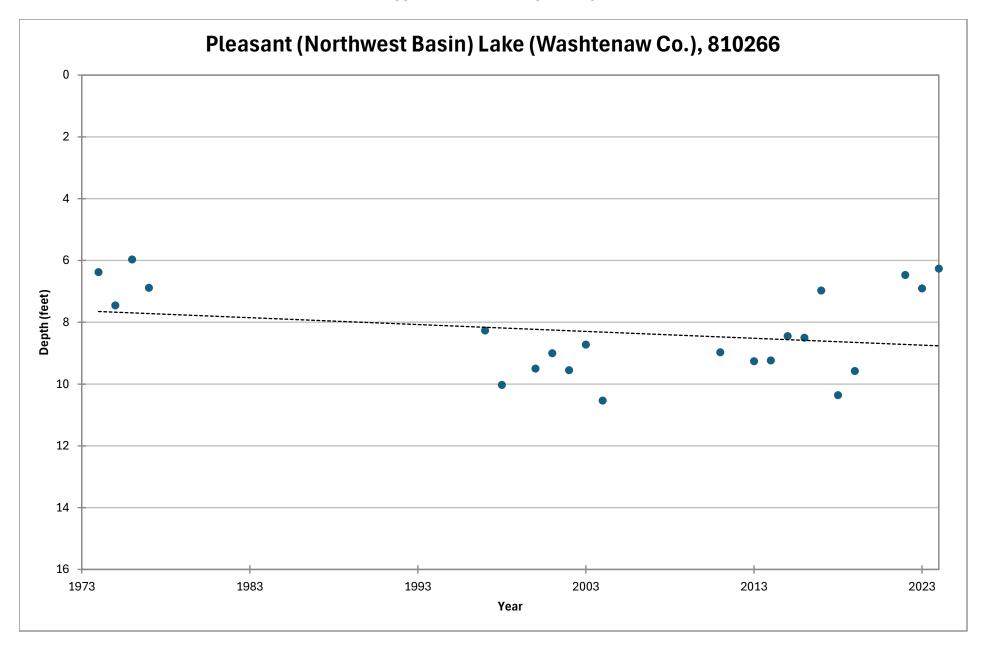
Analysis specific to Pleasant Lake:

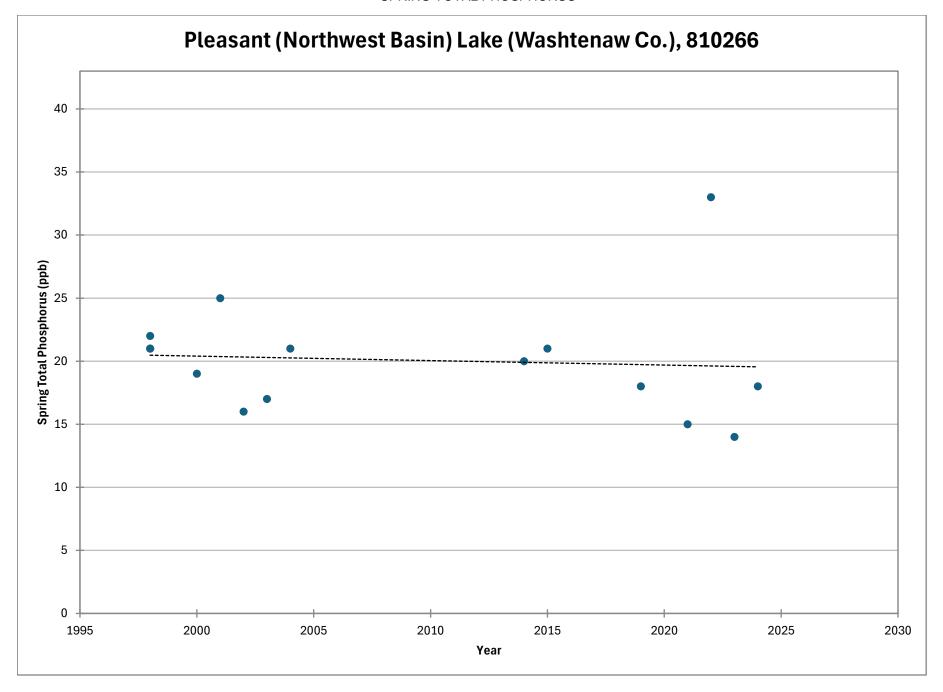
The health of the shoreline habitat varies greatly from place to place in Pleasant Lake. One section is considered good, 8 are fair, and 6 are poor. The worst scoring section was section 1, which had a total score of 38 (littoral score of 31, riparian score of 27, and shoreline management score of 56).

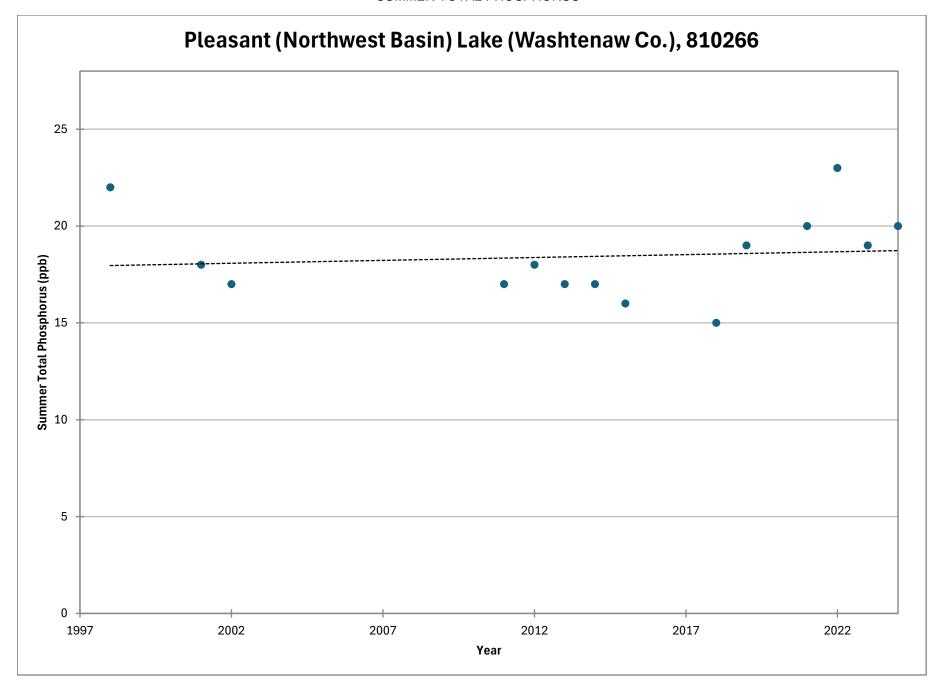
Pleasant Lake scored well in the erosion management score, meaning that there was a low amount of sea walls and other shoreline erosion structures.

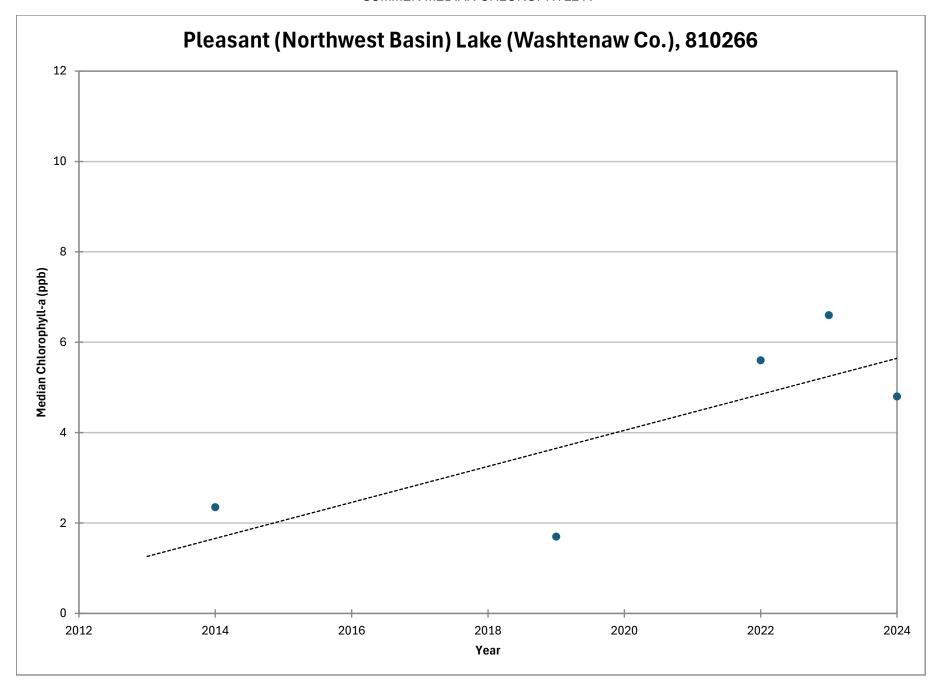
Both the riparian score and the littoral score fall in the low end of the "Fair" range, meaning that these would be places to make improvements. Reducing the amount of mowed grass and increasing the amount of unmowed vegetation would be the primary way to boost the riparian score, while increasing aquatic vegetation, allowing fallen trees to remain in the water, and reducing shoreline erosion would be the way to boost the littoral score.





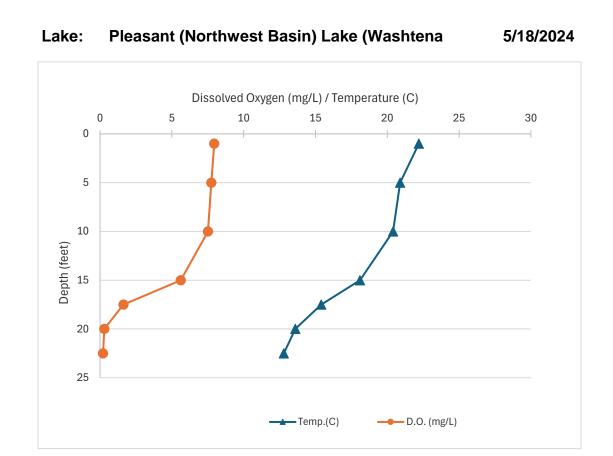






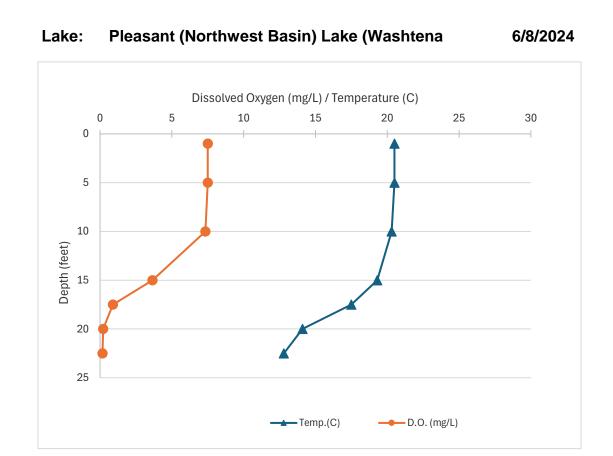
County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 5/18/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	22.2	7.95
5	20.9	7.75
10	20.4	7.52
15	18.1	5.62
17.5	15.4	1.63
20	13.6	0.3
22.5	12.8	0.21



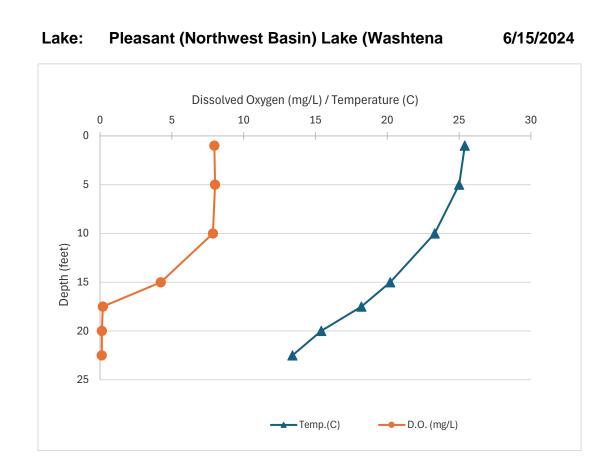
County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 6/8/2024

. (mg/L)	Temp.(C)	Depth (ft)
7.5	20.5	1
7.5	20.5	5
7.34	20.3	10
3.65	19.3	15
0.9	17.5	17.5
0.22	14.1	20
0.17	12.8	22.5
7.34 3.65 0.9 0.22	20.3 19.3 17.5 14.1	10 15 17.5 20



County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 6/15/2024

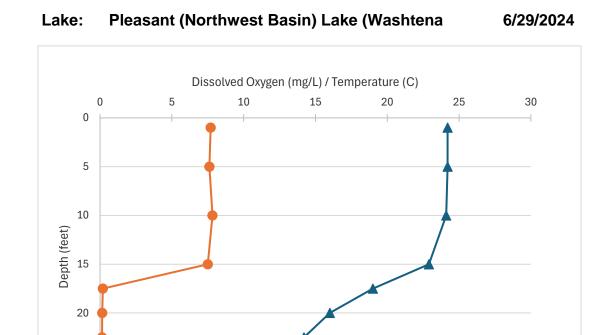
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	25.4	7.96
5	25	8.01
10	23.3	7.86
15	20.2	4.23
17.5	18.2	0.2
20	15.4	0.13
22.5	13.4	0.12



County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266 Date: 6/29/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	24.2	7.7
5	24.2	7.62
10	24.1	7.83
15	22.9	7.5
17.5	19	0.2
20	16	0.15
22.5	14.2	0.14

Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile



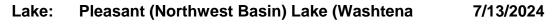
Temp.(C)

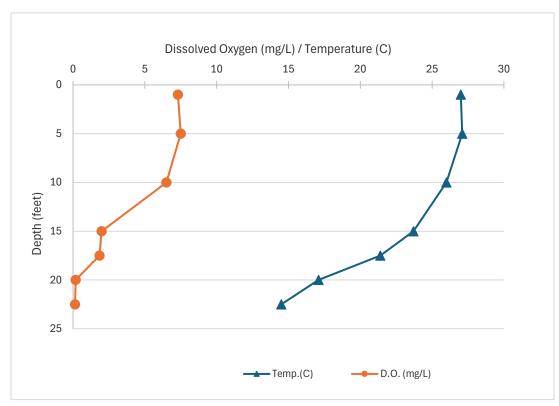
____ D.O. (mg/L)

25

County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 7/13/2024

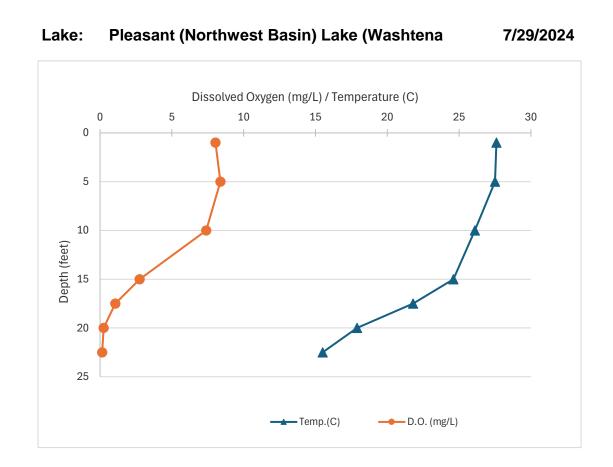
Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	27	7.3
5	27.1	7.5
10	26	6.5
15	23.7	1.99
17.5	21.4	1.84
20	17.1	0.18
22.5	14.5	0.14





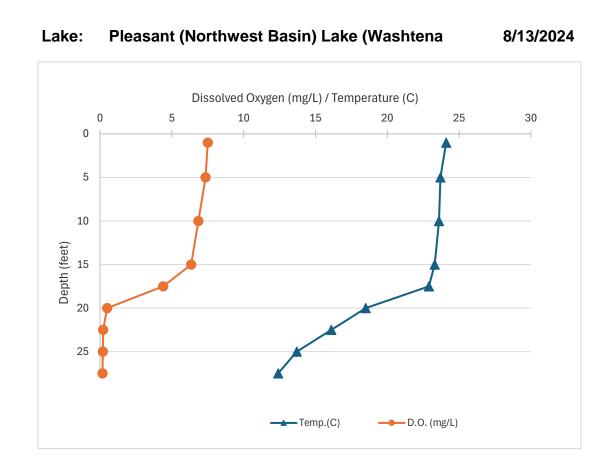
County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 7/29/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	27.6	8.04
5	27.5	8.38
10	26.1	7.39
15	24.6	2.76
17.5	21.8	1.06
20	17.9	0.25
22.5	15.5	0.15



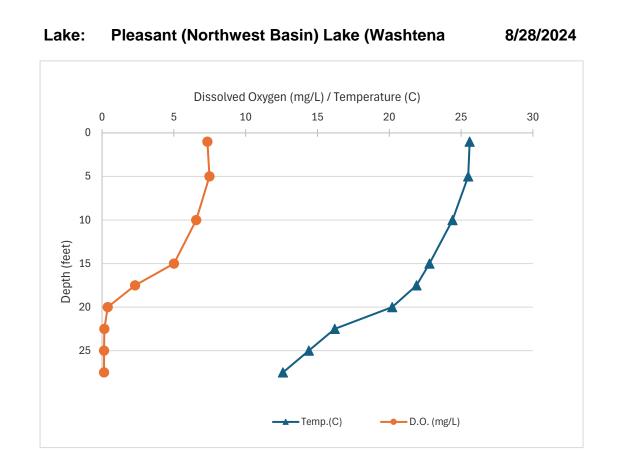
County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 8/13/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	24.1	7.5
5	23.7	7.35
10	23.6	6.85
15	23.3	6.34
17.5	22.9	4.4
20	18.5	0.5
22.5	16.1	0.22
25	13.7	0.19
27.5	12.4	0.17



County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266
Date: 8/28/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	25.6	7.34
5	25.5	7.48
10	24.4	6.56
15	22.8	5.01
17.5	21.9	2.3
20	20.2	0.4
22.5	16.2	0.16
25	14.4	0.14
27.5	12.6	0.14



County: Washtenaw Site ID: 810266 Date: 9/14/2024

Depth (ft)	Temp.(C)	D.O. (mg/L)
1	23.3	8.87
5	23	9.11
10	22.9	8.27
15	20.8	6.6
17.5	20.5	5.18
20	19.6	0.3
22.5	18.7	0.16

